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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Port Almanac—October 10.

Sun Rises	6 09 A M
Sun Sets	5.32 P M
Day's Length	11 h 23 m
High Water at Southport	9 46 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.29 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 10.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 51°; 8 p. m., 65°; maximum, 68°; minimum, 51°; mean, 54°.

Rainfall for the day, .39; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 8.01.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Oct. 8.—At 8 a. m., the stage of the water in the Cape Fear river was 8.6 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain fell over all sections of the cotton belt during the past 24 hours except Tennessee and Arkansas. Cloudiness and rain prevailed over the east Gulf States and the eastern portion of the belt this morning.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Rain near the coast; generally fair in the interior; brisk and high northeast erly winds.

Dangerous gales are anticipated for the South Atlantic and Florida coasts on Saturday. Vessels leaving Northern ports are likely to encounter dangerous gales off the Virginia and North Carolina coasts. The conditions continue threatening in the East Gulf and on the South Atlantic coast, although no storm is yet in sight.

OUTLINES.

Mr. Bryan speaks in Iowa and South Dakota; enthusiastic gatherings of people at all cities and towns and stations along the line travelled to greet the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. —— Gold importations—Large receipts at New York and more on the way hither from Europe. —— One of the Sherburn bank robbers shot and killed yesterday morning at Bancroft, Iowa; he first shot and killed City Marshal William Gallion, of Bancroft. —— Corning, Iowa, has been almost totally destroyed by fire; an unknown man was burned to death; the loss is $300,000. —— Georgia election—Official returns show that the Democratic majority will be over fifty thousand. —— Business outlook—No material change in the value of trade, but heavy receipts of cotton and wheat have stimulated the demand for staple goods, and railways make a better showing. —— Foreign news—The Turkish question discussed by Lord Roseberry at a meeting in Edinburgh. —— Washington news—President Cleveland returns to the White House; a Cabinet meeting. —— Jack King, president of the Merchants' National Bank, of Rome, Ga., arrested, charged with embezzling twenty thousand dollars of the bank's funds. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call was firm at 4@8 per cent., last loan at 6, closing offered at 6 per cent.; cotton dull; middling gulf 8 3-16c; middling 7-15-16c; Southern flour quiet and steady; common to fair extra $3 20@3 80, good to choice $3 80@5 10; wheat—spot market dull and firmer; Corn—spot was dull and firmer; No. 2 29½@29½c at elevator and 30@30½c afloat; spirits turpentine firm, with moderate demand at 28@28½c; rosin firm; strained common to good $1 75.

Chairman Bynum is in New York passing around the hat for money to run his side show.

It is commendable and honorable to scratch for a living, but no man who is built right should scratch a Democratic ticket.

It may be incidentally remarked that in this campaign Hon. Wm. McKinley has been completely overshadowed by the looming personality of the Hon. Mark Hanna.

As an illustration of the drift of sentiment in the West a Greensboro gentleman who has spent several months out there and much time in Iowa says that in one town he visited there was a Bryan club numbering eight hundred, every man of whom had been a Republican until this year. He predicts that Iowa will give Bryan 20,000 majority.

Hon. Chauncy M. Depew, of New York, some time ago declared that "there are fifty men in New York who can in twenty-four hours stop every wheel on the railroads, close every switch on the telegraph lines, and shut down every coal and iron mine in the United States, because they control the money of the country." But Chauncey is with 'em all the same, and they are with Hanna.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LIX.—NO. 16. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1896. WHOLE NO. 9,007

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

These Republican papers get things mixed sometimes. The Philadelphia *Ledger* a couple days ago had two columns, each under big display heads, close together, one of which started "Confident of the Result," "What Chairman Hanna says of the Political Situation," "Everything Perfectly Satisfactory," "No Doubt About the Outcome of the Battle in the West," while its neighboring column leads off thus: "Much Work Yet to be Done," "Chairman Hanna's Warning Against Overconfidence," "Fight Still on in the Middle States," "Energies of Both Parties Concentrated in Illinois." The Candidate Who Carries Illinois Will Probably be Elected." Putting these two together, it becomes apparent that either Mr. Hanna or the *Ledger* headline man must be pretty considerably rattled.

THE STAR is in receipt of "Cotton Movement and Fluctuations, 1891 to 1896," by Latham, Alexander & Co., bankers and commission merchants, 16 and 18 Wall Street, New York, which tells all about the cotton movement within that time. This publication is prepared annually with great care by this firm, and is regarded as a standard authority. The tables are conveniently arranged for reference, as is other matter of interest to the cotton dealer and planter, to both of whom this is a very valuable publication. The book is neatly printed and handsomely bound.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. GORE—Fish and cheese.
PALACE BAKERY—Don't forget.
ATLANTIC NAT'L BANK—Statement.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. A. Westbrook, of Mount Olive, is in the city.

— Mr. R. L. Goodman, of Greensboro, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. E. Land, of Haw River, was in the city yesterday, on business.

— Mr. James A. Leak, of Wadesboro, was a guest at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. Jas. I. Martin, of Tarboro, was among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Deal, of Harrison's Creek, Pender county, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Carl Bacon, formerly of this city, but now of Boston, is in the city visiting relatives.

— Mr. E. D. Kyle, soliciting agent of the Seaboard Air Line, was a visitor in our city yesterday.

— Mr. W. Ross Wilson, representing the American Type Founders' Company, of Baltimore, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Messrs. H. J. McLaurin, Charlotte; G. F. Broadhurst, Concord; C. F. Meroney, Winston, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

The Cruiser Raleigh and the Testimonial.

A special dispatch from Raleigh to the STAR last night says that Commander Miller, of the *Raleigh*, has written to Gov. Carr that the cruiser will reach Southport on Wednesday, the 14th inst., when the presentation of the testimonial to the ship will take place. Gov. Carr and staff will attend, going in a private car tendered by the Seaboard Air Line.

CY. WATSON'S APPOINTMENTS.

Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor, will address the people as follows:

Burgaw, 9th; Clinton, 9th; Kenansville, 10th; Trenton, 12th; Newbern, 13th; Kinston, 14th, and continues as far as Gatesville on the 24th.

Pender County Snakes.

In Topsail township, Pender county, recently, a colored man, Alex Stanly, killed twenty rattlesnakes—a family of two old snakes and eighteen young ones. One of the parent snakes had fourteen rattles, the other sixteen.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Democrats, register!

— Register! Register! Register!

— Have you registered? If not, do so to-day.

— Register to-day. It is your last chance, but one, if you have not already registered.

— Receipts of cotton yesterday were 2,286 bales; receipts the corresponding day last year, 1,069 bales.

A boat's crew from the revenue cutter *Colfax* saved two men from drowning in Charleston harbor yesterday.

— The supply of firewood at the docks is in small supply and prices are advancing with the increased demand caused by the cold wave.

— The schooner *Jennie F. Willey* cleared yesterday for Kingston, Ja., with 756,765 feet lumber, value $4,478, shipped by Edward Kidder's Son.

— Maj. P. F. Duffy will address the voters of New Hanover county next Wednesday, the 14th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., at the Township house in Harnett township—Macumber's old store.

— The regular services of the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon by Rev. A. D. McClure at 3 o'clock. Seamen and river men especially invited. All welcome.

— At Grace M. E. Church the Sunday night services have been changed from 8 o'clock to 7.45, the Sunday school from 4.30 to 3.30 p. m., and the week night services from 8.15 to 8.00 o'clock.

— L'Agile Cotillion Club gave their first german of the season last night at Germania Hall, complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. Armand D. Myers. The couples were gracefully led through the figures of the german by Mr. Warren Johnson.

— Charlotte *Observer*: "Major P. F. Duffy, who does much good work on the Wilmington STAR, is helping the Democracy not only with his pen, but with his voice. He is making speeches in New Hanover. Major Duffy, while one of the most modest of men, is one of the best speakers in the State. The *Observer* has often wondered that he has not been brought out on the stump."

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—108 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,086 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 11 bbls rosin, 74 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central Railroad Co.—209 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 57 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—189 bales cotton, 63 casks spirits turpentine, 98 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—466 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 16 bbls rosin.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—198 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 5 bbls rosin, 67 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,986 bales; spirits turpentine, 100 casks; rosin, 189 bbls; tar, 235 bbls; crude turpentine, 23 bbls.

Schooner Lost at Sea—Only Two Survivors.

Messrs. Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., ship brokers, received information yesterday of the loss of the American schooner *Gov. Jas. Y. Smith*, which foundered at sea while on a voyage from this port to Ponce, P. R., with a cargo of lumber. Report says that two of the crew (names not mentioned) were picked up by a passing vessel and landed at Macoris, Hayti. The *Gov. Jas. Y. Smith* sailed from Wilmington on the 8th of September. Her master, Capt. Andrew Patrick, was a well known frequenter of this port for the past fifteen years or more, and has many friends here who will hear with sorrow of his death. The first mate of the vessel, Harry Pierce, was a native of Beaufort, N. C.

Mlle. Rhea.

The box sheet for the performance of Mlle. Rhea, the celebrated French actress, who will present Schiller's historical play, "Mary, Queen of Scots," at the Opera House next Tuesday evening, will be open this morning at Gerken's, with the best seats on the board at $1.

The theatre going public of Wilmington are too familiar with Mlle. Rhea's ability as an actress to necessitate an introduction at this late date. Mlle. Rhea is this year surrounded by a company of players picked from among the ranks of the best dramatic artists on the American stage.

Storm Warning.

The following telegram was received yesterday afternoon at the Wilmington station, viz:

WASHINGTON, D. C., 4.30 P. M., October 9.—Hoist northeast storm signals at 4.30 p. m. Conditions are unusually threatening on the Florida and South Atlantic coast. All vessel masters should be informed that it is unsafe to leave port. There are indications of a tropical storm in the East Gulf, and also off the East Florida coast, which may develop into a dangerous cyclone, although the winds as yet are light to fresh at coast stations.

JAMES R. COCK,
Acting Chief of Weather Bureau.

Superior Court.

Yesterday ended the fifth day of the Rittenhouse vs. Wilmington Street Railway Company suit. The counsel for plaintiff closed their testimony at 5 p. m., and a little later the counsel for the defence closed theirs, with the exception of one witness. Argument will be heard to-day. Four speeches will be made for the plaintiff and three for the defence.

At 6.10 p. m. Court adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Special Session—Refused to Reconsider Amendment to the Market Ordinance Allowing Butcher Shops to Be Established Outside the City Market—Ordinance Concerning Bicycles Laid on the Table.

The Board of Aldermen met last night in adjourned session. Mayor Harriss and all of the aldermen were present.

Upon suggestion of Alderman Northrop, the question of the new ordinance regarding the selling of meats outside the market houses was taken up.

Alderman Hicks said he had always opposed butchers establishing places outside the regular markets and wished to have the question reconsidered, and upon motion of Alderman Nixon the matter of reconsideration was put before the Board, as he had favored the ordinance when it was adopted.

Mr. Junius Davis, attorney, appeared before the Board, asking a reconsideration, and Mr. E. K. Bryan, representing Powell & Co., appeared in opposition. Both made speeches, arguing and reading letters and petitions for and against the proposition.

Aldermen Hicks, Springer and Nixon, spoke in favor of a reconsideration, and Aldermen VonGlahn, Northrop, Meares, Cameron and Mayor Harriss in opposition.

Alderman Maunder read the report of the Market Committee, showing that stalls in the various markets had rented since the adoption of the ordinance for about as much as they had heretofore.

Alderman Meares read a letter from Dr. Geo. G. Thomas, stating that his opinion was that it would be a bad idea, in a sanitary point of view, to scatter market houses over the city.

The Mayor stated that a yea and nay vote would be taken.

Aldermen Hicks, Springer, Walker and Nixon voted in the affirmative for reconsidering and Aldermen VonGlahn, Gore, Cameron, Northrop, Maunder and Meares voted no. The motion was declared lost.

A lengthy bicycle ordinance was offered by Alderman Hicks, asking permission for the wheelmen to ride on certain sidewalks when the middle of the streets could not be used, and giving a list of agreements to be made by the riders in regard to speed and as to other restrictions. The ordinance, upon motion, was laid on the table until the next regular meeting.

Alderman Hicks called the attention of the Board to the failure of the W., N. & N. R. R. to carry out their contract with the city regarding keeping Water street, where their dummy line runs, in good condition, and in support of his argument read a letter signed by Mr. Louis Belden.

On motion, the Mayor was instructed to enforce the contract.

Alderman Northrop, of the Streets and Wharves Committee, said that shell was being bought now to pave Chesnut street, between Front and Fifth streets.

Mr. Charles W. Harriss, newsdealer, was granted permission to build a small frame house on the lot on Front street, near Chesnut, just north of Mr. R. H. Grant's store.

A petition from Mr. Oscar Pearsall to have the City Surveyor define the street line at the corner of Fourth and Red Cross streets was adopted.

A petition from two Syrians for privileges for stands at the corner of Front and Dock streets was refused.

Building privileges were granted to Messrs. M. Levy, Coleman Twining, Oscar Pearsall, Ellis White, Southerland & Cowan, W. M. Cumming, C. F. Gore, G. W. Green and others.

Mr. P. B. Manning appeared before the Board for Mr. E. S. Tennent, President of the Brunswick Bridge & Ferry Company, and stated that the company had built a wooden shed and office on the west side of the river without receiving permission from the Board, and had covered the roof with shingles, but that no disrespect was intended and the company at any time would comply with all ordinances and put on metallic roof if desired. Upon motion, the explanation was received and permission granted.

Petition from the Clarendon Water Works Company for permission to lay pipe into a residence on Market street between Eighth and Ninth, was refused.

Alderman Springer called the attention of the Board to the Wilmington Street Railway Company tearing up the Belgian blocks on Front street and their workmen being unable to put them back in the same space and carting them off.

The Mayor said he would look into the matter.

Over-paid taxes were ordered refunded to Mrs. Mary Haigh, Jos. E. Sampson and W. H. Scarborough.

A report from R. J. McIlhenny, superintendent of the Fire Alarm, was ordered filed.

City Treasurer Rice's report for September was read and ordered filed.

A communication from the Board of Audit and Finance was read, concurring in an appropriation of $900 for the purchase of an engine horse and $350 to rebuild Sixth street bridge.

The ordinance regarding the sale of meats outside market houses was not concurred in.

Aldermen Maunder, Northrop and VonGlahn were appointed a committee to confer with the Board of Audit and Finance on the latter matter.

Alderman Springer asked whether the back taxes were being collected or not and was informed by Acting City Attorney Bryan that several cases were now pending in the courts for the recovery of unpaid back taxes.

The meeting at 11.40 p. m. adjourned.

Seventh Annual Fair.

The Seventh Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 28, 29 and 30. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

A CLOSE SECRET.

THE MEETING OF THE STATE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

Members Refuse to Tell Anything That Occurred—The Proposition for Fusion With Populists On Congressmen Left With the Central Committee For Action.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, October 8.

No such secrecy as is observed by the members of the Democratic State committee, who attended the meeting last evening, was ever known before. They refused point blank to tell anything that occurred. The strictest injunctions were given those who were present, and none save members of the committee gained admittance.

The committee adjourned after 1 o'clock, having been in session more than five hours. The only news given out was the acceptance of the resignation of G. Sam Bradshaw and the election of Mr. J. P. Young as his successor.

I learn this morning that resolutions were passed, but Chairman Manly sternly refuses to talk, as do the other members, and it is impossible to learn the nature of them. The State Central Committee met this morning at 10 o'clock and is still in session.

It is stated to-day that the proposition for fusion was not acted upon, but that the matter was left in the hands of the Central Committee for final action. It is hinted that the committee made a proposition to the Populists for fusion on congressmen, and that an understanding exists that the matter is to remain a State secret unless accepted by the Populists.

Most of the members of the committee left for home to-day.

Chairman Ayer, of the Populist State Executive Committee, received a letter to-day from Mr. W. E. Ashley, chairman of the National Democratic party, asking for a joint discussion between the speakers of the gold and Populist parties.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

At a late hour this afternoon, Secretary Thompson, of the Democratic Committee, delivered a communication to Chairman Ayer, and later Chairman Ayer made reply. Republicans assert that it was a proposition agreed upon by Senators Faulkner and Butler in Washington, and brought to the State by National Committeeman Daniels, providing for fusion on State, Congressional and county matters; Democrats to be allowed a Senator and four Congressmen and the Populists the Governor and five Congressmen.

It is discovered to-night that the *Caucasian* and *Hayseeder* do not have at their mastheads the names of Walser and Douglass, nor any of the Republican nominees for Congress, except Linney, who received Populist endorsement. It is stated that their absence is due to the Republicans failing to retire Russell in favor of Guthrie.

Hiram F. Grant says the Republican tickets for the election will be printed by the 15th. He says that 50 per cent of the Populists will vote the Republican ticket if the Populists fuse with the Democrats.

The Democratic Central Committee met at 10 o'clock this morning, and adjourned at 9 p. m. Chairman Manly refuses to talk of the committee's proceedings, further than that points involved in the election law were discussed.

[By Southern Associated Press.]

RALEIGH, N. C., October 9.—The Democratic Campaign or Central Committee, clothed with full power, was in session five hours to-day and then sent a communication to the Populist Central Committee. All this proceeding is characterized by a remarkable degree of secret.

It was expected that the proposition to be made would cover complete fusion on all tickets, but it is learned that so far it is only for division of Congressmen, upon pledge that only free silver Congressmen shall be voted for. No special men are named, and the matter now appears to be but the beginning of a long correspondence. Other propositions may be made. Such is the opinion of well-informed people to-night.

Order of Heptasophs.

Supreme Organizer John W. Cruett, of Baltimore, Md., and State Organizer R. L. Goodman, of Greensboro, arrived in the city last evening and paid an official visit to Tar Heel Conclave No. 876, Improved Order of Heptasophs, who met in regular session last night at their hall. The Conclave in this city is in a flourishing condition.

Capt. Dick Paddison.

Capt. R. P. Paddison, well known to many readers of the STAR, in a letter to the editor from Titusville, Fla., says: "I do hope and trust that old North Carolina will redeem herself this year and once more be placed by the side of her sister Democratic States, where she belongs."

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. N. Wills, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 7.45 p m by the pastor. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.00 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningham, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 7.45 p. m. by the pastor. Prayer and class meeting at 7 p. m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, Pastor. Divine services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 p. m. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClitre, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 00 p. m. Sabbath School at 4 p. m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.00 p m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Worcester streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3 30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Novices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wheat Ground Graham Flour, Meal, Feed Hominy, Flour, etc. Grain, Hay and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Telephone 92. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. oct 9 tf

I offer to Discount any Price Lists for Groceries sent out by any other merchant by giving 5 cents worth more on their dollar off. If you don't believe it call on C. D. Jacobs, 319½ North Front street. oct 6 tf

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. s21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

For Rent

PLACE ON MIDDLE SOUND KNOWN AS the "Black Place," nine miles from Wilmington, good two story dwelling, eleven tenant houses, good spring water, healthy, elegantly located on high bluff at edge of sound commanding a good view of the ocean, good farming land with mile beach land, good fishing station about two miles from Wrightsville and same distance to W. N. & N. R. R. Those wishing to rent or purchase address LOCK BOX No. 18 oct 6 to th as Maxton, N. C.

Fish and Cheese.

250 Barrels MULLETS.
100 Boxes CHEESE.
50 Bags PEPPER.
10 Bags GINGER.
25 Bags SPICE.
Also Cotton Ties, Bagging, Meat, Molasses and lots of other goods.

D. L. Gore.
oct 10 tf

DON'T FORGET

TO SEE OUR

Fine Display of Candies

—AT—

PALACE BAKERY,

Saturday, October 10.
oct 10 tf

T. T.

Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea,

T. T. T.

Tea, Tea, Tea, Tea,

One pound Good Tea and Two pounds Gran. Sugar for 30c

The Unlucky Cox
oct 4 tf

Report

OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business October 8th, 1896:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$466,843 39
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4 73
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		45,700 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures		10,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	$ 71,048 73	
Due from State Banks and Bankers	64,411 18	
Due from approved reserve agents	195,066 65	
Checks and other cash items	145 99	
Notes of other National Banks	800 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	456 80	
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	$67,490 00	
Legal-tender notes	36,734 00	
U. S. Cert's of Deposit for legal tenders	105,814 50	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas'r (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,055 50	388,741 81
Total		$985,810 81

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock in		$135,000 00
Surplus fund		45,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		8,122 68
National Bank notes outstanding		41,170 00
Due to other National Banks	$ 51,547 93	
Due to State Banks and Bankers	73,025 29	
Dividends unpaid	51 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	546,018 58	
Certified checks	15 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	10,020 73	680,677 53
Total		$985,810 81

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss: I, W. J. Toomer, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of October, 1896. F. H. HAWES, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: WM. E. SPRINGER, C. W. WORTH, J. W. NORWOOD, Directors.

oct 10 tf

APPLES.

50 Barrels APPLES.
25 Bags C. C. NUTS.
15 Boxes Mixed NUTS.
50 Boxes RAISINS.
90 Pails Mixed CANDY.
75 Boxes Stick CANDY.
75 Cream CHEESE.
10 Barrels CANDY.
90 Boxes Penny CANDY.
Will do best to meet your views.

W. B. COOPER.
tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

WE ARE RECEIVING DAILY

Our New Fall and Winter Stock of

Dress Goods and Carpets.

OUR CARPET STOCK

THE MOST COMPLETE EVER SHOWN IN THIS CITY.

Special attention paid to making and laying Carpets, &c.

Do not fail to visit us on WINDOW SHADES. Made to order at short notice.

The Only House Showing New Dress Goods This Week.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.
sep 20 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

WE HAVE A LINE OF THE ABOVE

CELEBRATED STOVES.

Will guarantee them to be the finest goods on the market. Only porcelain lined ovens made that will stand.

The Heating Stoves are just superb. All we ask is an examination of the goods.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS,
"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. oct 7 tf

Matting, Matting!

We have it in large quantities, and the price is cheaper than you ever saw it. We have received by last steamer 188 rolls of assorted styles and colors A very heavy Matting, 1 yard wide, at 10c. A heavier Matting at 12½c. Seamless Cotton Warp at 15c. Very heavy seamless, in splendid colors, at 18c. Fine Matting for parlor use, light grounds with the dark, at 20c. Hall Matting, the heaviest and finest Matting we ever saw, for 8½c per yard. If you are thinking of buying Matting see ours before you buy.

CARPETS! CARPETS!—We want to close out all our Carpets. Cash sales. We will allow a discount of 20 per cent. We have decided to sell out all of our entire stock of Carpets at this discount. Our prices were always lower than other merchants, and now they are one-third less. A Heavy Hemp Carpet, ⅝ yard wide, at 13c; 1 yard wide at 15c and 20c; Cotton Carpet, pretty colors, at 25c; One-half Wool Ingrains, very heavy and nice, at 39c; All Wool Ingrain at 50c; Fine Tapestry Brussels at 43, 50, 60 and 65c per yard.

RUGS—Rugs of all styles; 36 by 72 inches at 39c each. Smyrna Rugs we have been selling at $2.50, 2½x3 feet, now at $1 90. The best Smyrna Rugs, 48x72 inches, worth at our closest prices $4.85, now at 3.25. We mean to do what we say. We have got the run of the trade on this class of goods and we mean to hold it. Give us a look if you want to buy, and if you do not we will buy, look any how.

Opaque Linen Window Shades in assorted colors, 36x72 inches, with the best rollers and fixtures complete at 25c each. Oil Cloths and Linoleum, 1¼ yards; Oil Cloth, very bright, pretty patterns, at 18c per square yard. Two yards wide Linoleum, beautiful goods, at 30, 35 and 45c for two square yards. Foot Mats from 40 to 85c each. Lace Curtains from 49c up to $3.85 a pair. Curtain Poles, Brass Trimmings and Drapery poles included, at 25c a set. Table Oil Cloths, the very best goods at 18c per yard, in beautiful colors.

TABLE LINEN—All styles Turkey Red, 60 inches wide, best colors and pretty patterns, at 39½c per yard. White Linen, 54 inches wide, very heavy, at 25c. Unbleached, 61 inches wide, at 29c. Fine White Table Linen, extra heavy weight, 70 inches wide, at 50c.

Come and look over the largest and busiest Dry Goods store in the city. On Front street, opposite The Orton Hotel.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.
Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.
sep 27 tf

PETERSON & RULFS

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEIR STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER SHOES

Is ready for inspection. Great care was taken in selecting our

SCHOOL SHOES,

and special attention will be given in fitting the little folks. Give us a trial and we will please you in style, quality and price.

PETERSON & RULFS,
sep 20 tf The Shoemen, 7 North Front Street.

GOLD IS ON ONE SIDE

Silver Is On the Other.

But we will take as much of both, or Greenbacks either, at 100 cents in the dollar, as we can get, in exchange

For Our Shoes,

Which we are offering to the generous public at

Prices Which Will Astonish.

Take a look at our Show Window. Remember the H. C. Evans' old stand, 63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,
sep 27 tf

AND THE DOCTOR SAID:

"Take it to Nutt's Drug Store"

He knew that here his prescription would receive the best attention.

He knew that only the freshest and purest drugs would be used.

He knows it because he has been sending his prescriptions here for years, and has never had occasion to find fault.

Prescription filling is serious work. NUTT'S Up-to-Date Drug Store.
sep 24 tf

Blankets, Comforts, Underwear.

Gray and white Double Blankets, 49c.
Extra heavy Double Blankets, 75 and 98c.
A Good Red Blanket, $1.25.
Better grade, $2 25; All Wool, $4.75.
One-half wool white Blankets, $3.25 and $3.50.
$6 50 California Wool Blanket, $5.00.
A Good Comforter at 85c.
Better grades at 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.25 and $3.00.
Children's Cotton Vests, 10, 15 and 25c.
Children's Ribbed Vests, 25, 39 and 50c.
Ladies' Ribbed Vests, 15, 25 and 50c.

Our 50c Grade is 1-2 Wool.

All Wool $1.25 White and Red Wool Vests and Pants, 98c.
Men's Cotton Undershirts, 18, 25 and 35c.
Men's white Wool Undershirts, a Bargain, 50c.
A splendid line in White, Red and Gray Shirts and Drawers at 98c, $1.40 and $1 98 a Suit.

Special Values in Latest Style

Dress Goods

10c up to $1.00 per yard.

Dress Trimmings and Linings, Millinery, Capes and Cloaks, Carpets and Mattings, Clothing and Hats, Boots and Shoes.

It will pay you to visit

J. H. Rehder & Co.
Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Write for samples of Dress Goods.

'Phone 118.

Our lace paid on purchases of $5.00 and upwards.

Beautiful Crayon Portraits given away when purchases amount to $10. Ask for Punch Card.
oct 6 tf

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 10, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

FOR ELECTORS.

Electors-at-Large—Locke Craig, of Buncombe, and R. B. Davis, of New Hanover.
First District—Theo. F. White, of Perquimans.
Second District—H. F. Freeman, of Wilson.
Third District—C. R. Thomas, of Craven.
Fourth District—W. S. Bailey, of Nash.
Fifth District—William Merritt, of Person.
Sixth District—B. F. Keith, of New Hanover.
Seventh District—Theo. F. Kluttz, of Rowan.
Eighth District—Tyre York, of Wilkes.
Ninth District—R. D. Gilmer, of Haywood.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.

FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT.
JAMES S. MANNING, of Durham.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

1st District	—	W. H. Lucas, of Hyde.
2d	"	F. A. Woodard, of Wilson.
3d	"	Frank Thompson, Onslow.
4th	"	E. W. Pou, of Johnston.
5th	"	W. W. Kitchin, of Person.
6th	"	Jas. A. Lockhart, of Anson.
7th	"	S. J. Pemberton, of Stanly.
8th	"	R. A. Doughton, Alleghany
9th	"	Jos. S. Adams, Buncombe.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Sheriff—Frank H. Stedman.
Register of Deeds—John Haar.
Treasurer—Josh. T. James.
Coroner—Peter H. Smith.
Commissioners—Roger Moore.
—J. G. L. Gieschen.
—W. F. Alexander.
Constable—(Wil. township) W. H. Biddle.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
B. F. KING.
D. J. FERGUS.

☞ COCKRAN ON SLAVEHOLDERS. —Will you submit to this conspiracy between the professional farmers, the farmers who cultivate the quarrels of their neighbors, farmers who labor with their jaws, Populist agitators of the West, and the unreconciled slave-holders of the South? This is a conspiracy between professional farmers, who want to pay low wages, and the unreconciled slave-holders, who would like to pay no wages at all.—(Extract from the speech of Bourke Cockran, delivered in New York August 18th.)

SKINNING CLOSE.

We are favored from time to time with election prognostics by figurers journalistic and otherwise, some of which are worthy of note and some of which are ridiculous and not worth the paper they are written on. The man who, like Congressman Grosvenor, of Ohio, sits down and with a few dashes of his pencil elects McKinley overwhelmingly and can find in all these United States only 70 sure electoral votes for Bryan might not therefore be considered a fit subject for an insane asylum, but he would certainly not command much attention among sane people.

There are leading newspaper editors of the Republican persuasion who when it comes to this kind of figuring show as little respect for the probable as Gen. Grosvenor does, and hence we pay very little attention to the prognostics of the partisan organs. They are so fully determined to win that they insist on winning in advance on paper and take the chances of being walloped out of their boots and seeing their election figures become a wrecked mass of reminiscences of disordered imaginations.

But we do read the prognostics of the independent and of the so-called independent papers even if they do lean too much to the McKinley side. We make due allowance for that when we con the figures and surmises.

One of the most thoughtful and encouraging estimates for the silver men, coming from a non-partisan source, that we have so far seen, appeared a short while ago in that really independent journal—a gold paper, too—the Washington *Post*, which gives Bryan 148 electoral votes sure, fusion or no fusion, and with Fusion in Kentucky, Kansas, Nebraska, Indiana and North Carolina—which was then not effected in all of these States, but now is—57 more electoral votes, making 205, leaving but 19 to be secured from Illinois, Oregon, California, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Iowa, aggregating 102 votes, from which Mr. McKinley must get 84 to escape defeat.

In every one of these States electoral fusion has been effected with the Populists, and the Democrats feel quite as confident of carrying all but two of them—Minnesota and Wisconsin—as the Republicans do, and really more so. They are confidently claiming Illinois, California, Maryland and West Virginia. Illinois would furnish five more than necessary; California, Maryland and West Virginia, five more than necessary; Michigan and West Virginia, one more than necessary; Iowa and West Virginia, the nineteen necessary. As far as the probabilities go Mr. Bryan stands a much better chance of getting 19 votes out of these 10 States than Mr. McKinley does of getting 84.

As pertinent to this the following, clipped from the same paper, some days later, commenting on some estimates of the New York *Herald*, non partisan but a strong supporter of McKinley, is interesting and suggestive:

"In its edition of Sunday, the 4th of October, the New York *Herald* gives a table of election figures by which it lands McKinley an easy winner. The table runs as follows:

Illinois	24	New Hampshire	4
Indiana	15	New Jersey	10
Iowa	13	New York	36
Kentucky	13	Ohio	23
Connecticut	6	Pennsylvania	32
Delaware	3	Rhode Island	4
Maine	6	Vermont	4
Maryland	8	Wisconsin	12
Massachusetts	15		
Minnesota	9	Total	237

It will be perceived that this list includes:

Kentucky	13	Indiana	15
Maryland	8	Illinois	24
Delaware	3		

"The loss, therefore, of either Illinois or Indiana would defeat McKinley. The loss of Kentucky and Delaware would defeat him. The loss of Kentucky and Maryland would defeat him. And it is a significant fact that in these five States, especially in Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky and Maryland, the Republicans are spending time, effort and money with a species of desperation that argues anything but confidence on their part. The *Herald* airily assigns all five to McKinley, but does Mr. Hanna feel sure about it? Is he willing to accept the *Herald's* 'canvass' and turn his energies elsewhere? We think not. It is impossible to imagine, at this distance from the scene of the real struggle, the excitement, the ceaseless endeavor, the overwhelming interest that prevail in the middle Western States. Those who read the local newspapers, the county organs, throughout Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, realize that the people are aroused to an extent unparalleled in the history of the country since 1861. They know that men meet and discuss the issue in every town, hamlet and rural neighborhood: that the streets of the smaller cities are crowded from sunrise to sunset with speakers and their listeners; that the silver men have hired halls which are kept open continuously, and in which argument and controversy never cease; that the farmers pay for their own music and demonstrations, and find their enthusiasm only spurred by the poverty of the Democratic committees and the display of wealth made by Mr. Hanna. We do not understand these things here at the East. They are outside of our experience. We sit calmly in our luxurious homes and do not even distantly imagine the fervor, the earnestness, the furious uproar of the agitation beyond the Alleghenies. The situation exists, however, as we have described it. The battle rages with gigantic tumult. Party lines are broken down. Precedents go for nothing. We have no past upon which to base an argument for to-day. What we know is that the McKinley managers are not struggling like men who feel confident of the result, but rather like warriors who know that the issue hangs upon the merest chance. How, then, and upon what grounds does the *Herald* base its complacent appropriation of Indiana, Illinois, and Kentucky? Upon the observations of its 'bright young men' sent out from the metropolis? Great Scott!

"It seems to us that the tone of our Eastern contemporaries has undergone a curious change within the past two months. Then it was a tone of ridicule. Then we heard of 'Little Willie,' and the 'Boy Orator,' and so on. Now we hear 'liar,' 'thief,' 'conspirator,' 'incendiary,' and such things. Hardly a day passes but some 'great metropolitan daily' tells us of a Western State which 'six weeks ago seemed doubtful but is now quite safe.' There has been a 'revulsion of feeling,' &c. Yet, when we look back over the files of those great metropolitan dailies we find that six weeks ago they had claimed the States in question and pooh-poohed the bare idea of their being doubtful. Finally, to come back to the *Herald*, we see this foaming champion of McKinley, which at the outset of the campaign predicted an overwhelming defeat for the 'Popocrats'—an uprising of the common people against their would-be betrayers—we see the *Herald* electing McKinley on an estimate, electing by a bare scratch, and depending upon Indiana, Illinois, Maryland, Kentucky and Delaware to make its forecast good!

"Certainly the fight grows hotter and more perplexing every day."

The *Post* isn't a believer in the free and unlimited coinage of silver, but it isn't a believer in the omnipotence of Hanna when confronted by the American people, and it doesn't believe that McKinley can be elected on paper as the *Herald* and other organs are trying to elect him before the ballots are cast.

MINOR MENTION.

If there is anything that characterizes Wm. J. Bryan more than his eloquence, his earnestness, the vigor of his speech and his marvellous versatility, it is the readiness and the force with which he meets the objections to the Democratic platform on which he stands, using for this purpose not the utterances of Democrats but the utterances of the men who are arrayed against him. He convicts McKinley from the mouth and the pen of McKinley, Harrison with the utterances of Harrison, Sherman with the record of Sherman, Palmer with the record of Palmer, and so on. They have been attacking the Chicago platform as anarchistic, communistic, etc., because it declares in favor of an income tax and mildly criticises the decision of the Supreme Court, which pronounced adversely upon the income tax law passed by the last Democratic Congress. How effectually he closed the mouths of those criers of "anarchy," "communism," etc, when at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Thursday, he quoted from the dissenting opinions of Justices Harlan and Brown language incomparably stronger and more denunciatory than anything that appeared in the Chicago platform, language which by comparison makes the platform criticism read like laudation. And yet it never occurred to any of the organs or stumpers who are opposed to an income tax to refer to these Associate Justices of the U. S. Supreme Court as anarchists or communists.

***

The probabilities are that since the returns have been received from the elections in Florida and Georgia, the McKinley figurers will eliminate these from the doubtful columns. Up to the day of the election they claimed that both States were doubtful and that there were fair prospects of carrying Georgia for McKinley in November, while the Florida delegates to the Indianapolis decoy convention solemnly assured their brother decoyists assembled there, that their State could be counted on for 30,000 majority for the decoy ticket. Of course no one who knew anything about those States attached any importance whatever to these claims on predictions and if they did they will surely not attach any importance to them now, for the Democratic majorities will be as large in November as they are now, if not larger. The people of the South have sense enough to preserve the Democratic Governments in their States which they won years ago after such protracted and hard fighting, and they have sense enough, too, to see through the trickery of the men who have been trying to divide them. Those of them who were leaning towards the gold standard have begun to see pretty clearly through the Indianapolis fraud, which was resorted to to cheat them out of their votes and aid in the election of McKinley under the fraudulent pretence of supporting "sound money."

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We publish in this issue of the STAR the address of Oliver H. Dockery to the people of North Carolina, in which he gives his reasons for breaking away from the Republican party, and why he is now supporting Wm. J. Bryan for the Presidency. In proof of the fact that the Republican party, McKinley, Pritchard, Russell and others, who are now assuming to lead the Republican party in this State, had deserted the people, broken their pledges, and committed themselves to the money power of Wall street, he quotes the Republican platform of to-day in contrast with the former platform declarations of previous years, the utterances of McKinley to day with the utterances of McKinley before he became the tool of Hanna and Wall street, the declarations and pledges of Pritchard before he permitted himself to be tied to the Hanna-Wall street band wagon, and the position of Russell heretofore and now, when he is travelling with Pritchard behind that band wagon. It is a good letter, a plain letter, a logical and a manly letter, which commends itself to the perusal and thoughtful consideration of every man who does not endorse dishonesty and approve fraud.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, Oct. 4, 5.
Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, October 10, 11.
Southport station, Oct. 11, 12.
Scott's Hill circuit, Union, Oct. 17, 18.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, Oct. 18.
Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct. 24, 25.
Clinton circuit, Goshen, Oct. 31 and Nov. 1.
Carver's Creek Circuit, Shiloh, November 7, 8.
Kenansville circuit, Rose Hill, November 14, 15.
Magnolia circuit, Providence, November 15, 16.
Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, November 20, 21.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, Nov. 22, 23.
Waccamaw circuit, Zion, Nov. 24.

Almost Distracted?

DID YOU EVER suffer from real nervousness? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condition of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights?

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health......

Mrs. Eugene Searles, 110 Simonton St., Elkhart, Ind., says: "Nervous troubles had made me nearly insane and physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Headache stopped in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "Once cent a dose."
No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain "One cent a dose."
For sale by all Druggists.
June 18 1y   su tu th   ;Change.

THE BIGGEST OF BUGS.

The Elephant Beetle Is the Elephant Insect of Little Venezuela.

Venezuela is a little republic, but she has one thing that is the biggest of its kind on earth. It is a bug—the largest insect in all the world. The creature is known as the "elephant beetle," and when full grown it weighs nearly half a pound. To be struck in the face by such a bug, flying at full speed, would make a man feel as if a mule had kicked him.

This beetle, like others of its kind, both small and large, is clad in a complete suit of armor. This armor is made of a material far more indestructible than steel—namely, chitine. Chitine cannot be destroyed except by certain mineral acids—in other words, only the artifices of chemistry avail against it. Thus the shells of beetles that died 10,000,000 years ago have been preserved perfectly in the rocks, so that we know today just what these insects of antiquity looked like.

In Europe giant beetles have a considerable market value, commanding prices in proportion to their size. In London there are regular auctions of insects, and a single butterfly has been known to fetch as much as $800. A specimen of the rare and very large Goliath beetle is worth $60. This is the largest beetle of the old world, and it first became known through missionaries in the Kongo basin.

Though no other insect in existence compares in bulk with the beetle from Venezuela, there are other bugs that exceed it in dimensions. For example, there is the Atlas silk moth, which has a wing spread of nearly a foot. It spins a cocoon, the silk of which is better and stronger than that of the ordinary silkworm. But unfortunately it cannot be reeled. The department of agriculture tried for years to discover a way of reeling it, but without success. Moths of this species often alight on ships in the Indian ocean.

There is a butterfly of the Malay peninsula and Malayan archipelago which has a spread of ten inches. In India and tropical Africa are found giant forms of those remarkable insects known as "walking sticks," which look like twigs of trees. Some of them measure 18 inches in length. They are related to grasshoppers and katydids. In tropical America are found certain huge species of bugs that are closely related to the familiar electric light bugs of this country. Like the latter, which have been popularly known only since the introduction of the electric light, they fly at night, living during the day at the bottom of ponds.—St. Louis Star.

THE VORACIOUS CARP.

Clever Ruses by Which It Is Exterminating Black Bass.

The German carp is a vicious fish after a fashion, and the kind of brains it has is described by W. F. Meehan in The Fishing Gazette. Says Mr. Meehan:

"One day in early June in 1893 or 1894, in Montgomery county, Pa., I was watching the spawning bed of black bass in Perkiomen creek from a bridge overhead, when along came a number of large German carp. One made a feint toward the nest, and when attacked by the black bass fled. While the bass was in pursuit the remainder of the carp darted in, and in a twinkling devoured the spawn in the nest. I waded out to the bass nest later and found scarcely an egg in it. I was told afterward of a similar case in the same stream."

The Pennsylvania report of the state commissioners of fisheries says that "there are few fishes more heartily anathematized by American anglers than the carp. They fail to see a redeeming feature in the creature, and charge it with many bad ones, the most serious of which is that it is a more inveterate spawn eater than the eel," and the anglers fear that it will in a few years practically exterminate all the valuable food and game fishes despite the efforts of the various fish commissioners.

The carp furnishes the angler little or no sport, because it refuses to take the ordinary lures offered. Its flesh is not popular with American fish eaters, as it is in European countries, where as early as 1227 it was cultivated in Austria.

It is not known exactly who first introduced carp into American waters, nor exactly when it was done, but Mr. Poffe, a Californian, some time before 1870, is believed to have been the man. He is regarded in much the same light as the introducer of the English sparrow into the United States, and the misguided men who turned English rabbits on to Australia.

Women as Pharmacists.

Today the pharmacist is a trained scientist, and pharmacy has been elevated to a profession. In its present form it has no unclean and unpleasant features and is therefore liked by women. Nevertheless it is only of late years that they have overcome the former prejudices and crossed the threshold of the calling.

They have a natural aptitude for the trade on account of their constitutional caution, deftness and delicacy of touch. The first woman to enter the profession in our country was Mrs. Jane Loring of Boston, in 1800. She was a grandaunt of Congressman Loring. Under the old system there was no state supervision of the profession, and any one could take it up who desired without any legal impediments. Under this system over 1,200 women became pharmacists. Of late years, however, there has been a profound change in the industry. Partly to prevent competition, or rather to restrict it, partly to raise the professional standard, and partly to protect the public, colleges of pharmacy have been started in various places in the country and laws passed requiring all candidates for the profession to pass examinations almost as strict and difficult as those laid down for physicians and lawyers. The new system has cut down the number of candidates, both male and female. In Massachusetts not more than a score of women have passed the examinations in the past 15 years. In New York the number is said to be nearly 50, and in the various states of the Union the entire total is below 500.

Many marry and leave the calling, a few have retired, and a few have continued their studies and have become physicians or chemists. At the present time the total number of women who practice pharmacy either as proprietors, clerks or apprentices is estimated at about 1,500.—New York Mail and Express.

Forty Resolute Women.

According to accounts in western newspapers, No Man's Land, once the refuge of criminals in the southwest, because none of the surrounding states or territorial courts had jurisdiction over it, has been changed into a rich agricultural and stock country, largely through the work of 40 resolute women, who are now in charge of the 38 public schools of Beaver county. Seven of these young women teachers met in Beaver City recently and organized the Panhandle Cattle company, intending to invest their surplus earnings from teaching in the cattle business. Probably the 40 young women in that territory will join in this enterprise. Over 30 of them have taken claims of 160 acres each on the Beaver river, and will till the soil in summer and teach in winter. They receive $30 per month for teaching a six months' term.

The impurities in blood which cause scrofulous eruptions are thoroughly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it. †

INAPT STATE NICKNAMES.

Appellations Which Once Fitted Losing Their Force With Advancing Civilization.

State nicknames in this country have begun to lose their aptness. New Hampshire's name, the Granite State, fits almost as well some other mountainous states, and she never really deserved to be called the Switzerland of America, since her mountains are but hills compared with the mountains of Switzerland. Several of the Rocky mountain states more nearly deserve this title. Colorado, for example, has 41 mountains more than 14,000 feet high, and, in all, 139 mountains more than 13,500 feet high. Colorado's own name of the Centennial State is one that no other can ever dispute with her, though it looks as if Colorado might dispute the name of "Golden" with California.

Maine's forests are disappearing so rapidly that some of the northwestern states may soon have a better title to the name Pine Tree State. There are more famous bays than that of Massachusetts, and certainly Chesapeake bay, if considered only as a body of water, has more distinction than Massachusetts, and, historically, the Chesapeake is quite as famous, so that the name Bay State might, with aptness, be given to Maryland.

There are quite as characteristic green mountains elsewhere in the United States as those that gave Vermont her French name. The Empire State seems inappropriate to any democratic community, but it is appropriate to New York if to any state of the Union, and it is likely to be a long while before even Texas can lay claim to the title. The name that Texas takes pride in, the Lone Star State, is certainly hers by right, as she is the only state to have come to be an independent republic, totally unconfederated with any other state. Pennsylvania is no longer the keystone of the Union's arch, just as it is no longer politically true that as Pennsylvania goes so goes the Union. If Delaware ever deserved her name of the Diamond State, she certainly cannot claim it against Rhode Island, since the latter is not only much smaller, but, as well, much richer.

No state disputes Virginia's picturesque name, the Old Dominion, though few people realize that it dates back to a time when our Atlantic coast knew only two ill defined political divisions—New England and Virginia. Ohio's buckeyes are no longer a distinguishing feature of her rapidly disappearing woodlands. Indiana is being civilized out of her Hoosierdom, and the wolverene must be pretty scarce in the state to which the beast has given a nickname.

Connecticut has learned so many smart tricks since the days of the traditional wooden nutmegs that her neighbors could easily discover an apter name of reproach. Louisiana doubtless has as many pelicans as Florida or any other state, and so may well hold to her nickname, while North Carolinians are properly enough called tar heels, since their state is still famous for tar and kindred products.—New York Herald.

He Had Him.

I heard a gentleman while discussing the subject of coon hunting relate the following incident in his experience:

The party, consisting of hunters, dogs, axes and torches galore, had been hunting for a good part of the night without any luck whatever. Finally, however, the dogs treed a coon up a very large tree. While discussing the subject of cutting down such a large tree, one of the many negroes in attendance volunteered to climb the tree and investigate the whereabouts of his coonship.

All agreed to this and sat around to await developments. Soon after the negro had disappeared among the branches the attention of all was drawn to a very peculiar sound emanating from the top of the tree. It was a kind of a mixture of negro and coon dialect. Some one ventured the remark:

"Bill, have you got that coon?"

"Yas, sah," was the reply, "I'se got dis her' coon, but I wish you 'u'd send some o' dem darkies up her' to help me turn him loose."—Forest and Stream.

Alas, Poor Brooklyn!

The children had gathered around the hotel piano and were singing a hymn descriptive of a flock of little pilgrims arriving in the New Jerusalem, and announcing the various places from which they had come. Little Johnny looked at his mother sadly. "Mamma," he said, "when I go to heaven, I hope God won't ask me where I came from." "Why not?" inquired mamma. "Because, mamma, when I say 'Brooklyn,' I know he'll laugh!"—New York Journal.

What is Gorham Silver?

Any silversmith will tell you: Its proportions are as well known as those of U. S. coin, which it always exceeds in purity by several points, GORHAM being never less than the English Sterling standard (925 parts pure silver to 75 alloy), the highest degree of purity which the softness of the metal will permit.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

LYON & CO'S
PICK LEAF
EXTRA
SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¼
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	4	@	4
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	4½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	40
Virginia Meal	40	@	40
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 .0
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	10	@	17
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 10	@	4 00
First Patent	4 45	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	43½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	40
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	40	@	50
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	25
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 64
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	45
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4½
C Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	12	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, October 9.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 24¾ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl for Strained, and $1 45 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1 30, Yellow Dip 1 80, and Virgin 1.70 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25¼@24¾c; rosin, strained, $1 15; good strained $1 20; tar $1 40; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	100
Rosin	189
Tar	226
Crude Turpentine	38

Receipts same day last year—67 casks spirits turpentine, 642 bbls rosin, 156 bbls tar, 57 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7½c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4¾	cts ℔ ℔	
Good Ordinary	6¼	"	"
Low Middling	6⅞	"	"
Middling	7½	"	"
Good Middling	7 9-16	"	"

Same day last year, middling 8⅝c.

Receipts—2,286 bales; same day last year 1,069.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN.—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 9 to 11½c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50; seven inch; $5.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.
For week ended Oct. 9, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
14,963	671	2,939	1,199	222

RECEIPTS.
For week ended Oct. 11, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
17,219	1,258	4,9?2	1,580	428

EXPORTS.
For week ended Oct. 9, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,343	1,521	223	713	33
Foreign	22,414	000	000	000	00
	23,757	1,521	223	713	33

EXPORTS.
For week ended Oct. 11, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,015	778	158	1,378	403
Foreign	000	000	000	000	000
	1,015	778	158	1,378	403

STOCKS.
Ashore and Afloat, Oct. 9, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	16,304	6,359	22,841
Spirits	1,323	403	1,726
Rosin	16,956	3,306	20,262
Tar	3,390	580	3,970
Crude	360	00	360

STOCKS.
Ashore and Afloat, Oct. 11, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
25,401	5,324	33,380	2,231	347

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 9—Evening.—Money on call was firm at 4@8 per cent; last loan at 6, closing offered at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 8@9 per cent. Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers bills 481¼@481¾ for sixty days and 483¾@484 for demand. Commercial bills 480¼@481¼. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 106¾. United States twos 92½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 99¾; North Carolina sixes 118. Railroad bonds easier.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day weak.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 9—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8 3-16c; middling 7 5-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady at prices: October 7 58, November 7 64, December 7 78, January 7 88, February 7 93, March 7 98, April 8 02, May 8 06, June 8 09. Sales 220,100 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 916 bales; gross 5,878 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 557 bales; sales 1,794 bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 109,670 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 5,610 bales; gross 35,860 bales; exports to Great Britain 10,564 bales; to France 350 bales; to the Continent 6,002 bales; forwarded 7,190 bales; sales 16,711 bales; sales to spinners 1,151 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 54,084 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,563 bales; to France 1,253 bales; to the Continent 2,075 bales; stock 830,805 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 329,464 bales; exports to Great Britain 99,505 bales; to France 1,603 bales; to the Continent 46,287 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 1,320,529 bales; exports to Great Britain 434,146 bales; exports to France 56,157 bales; exports to the Continent 181,570 bales.

Flour—quiet, steady and unchanged; southern flour was quiet and steady; common to fair extra $2 20@2 80; good to choice $2 80@3 10. Wheat—spot market dull and firmer; options opened firm at ⅝@¾c advance, fell ⅝c and closed steady and unchanged to ⅛c over yesterday, with a light trade; No. 2 red May 77; October 73c; November 74c; December 74⅝c. Corn—spot was dull and firmer; No. 2 29¾@29⅞c at elevator and 30@30¼c afloat; options were dull and firm at ⅛@¼c advance; October 29⅞c; November —c; December 30⅝c; May 33c. Oats—spot dull and firm; options dull and firmer; October 21⅞c; November —c; December 22⅝c; May —. spot—No. 2 21⅝c; No. 2 white 25c; mixed Western 20@23c. Lard quiet and firm; Western steam $4 62½; city $4 10; October $4 55, nominal; refined lard was dull; Continent $4 90; South America $5 25; compound $4 25@4 50. Pork quiet, firm; new mess $7 75@8 50. Butter—fancy was firmer; State dairy 10@16c; do. creamery 11½@17½c; Western dairy 7½@11c; Elgins 17½@18c. Eggs—fancy firm and scarce; State and Pennsylvania 17@20c; ice-house 14½@16; Western fresh 17@18; do. per case $2 25@3 60c. Cotton seed oil active, stronger; crude 22½@23c; yellow prime 26½@27c. Rice firm, fairly active and unchanged. Molasses in fair demand firm and unchanged. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 3¾@4c. Coffee—options were weak and 20 to 30 points down; October $9 75; December $9 25@9 45; March $9 25@9 40; May $9 30@9 40; June $9 30; spot Rio was dull but steady; No. 7, $10 50@10 62½. Sugar—raw fairly active and steady; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal 96 test —c; refined ⅛c lower, with a fair demand; off A 3⅞@3⅞c; standard A 4⅛c; cut-loaf and crushed 4⅝c; granulated 4⅛c.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 9.—Flour firm; receipts 1,000 bbls. Wheat firm; spot and October 73@73⅛c; December 74⅛@74⅜c; Steamer No. 2 red 69@69½c; Southern by sample 71@74c; do on grade 70½@73⅛c. Corn strong; spot and October 28⅝@28⅞c; new or old, November or December, 28⅝@28⅞c; January 29⅛@29¼c; Steamer mixed 26⅞@27c; Southern white 30@31; do yellow 30@30½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 25@26c; No. 2 mixed 21@21½c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

October 9—Galveston, easy at 7 7 16, net receipts 7,700 bales; Norfolk, quiet at 7⅜c, net receipts 5,849 bales; Baltimore, dull at 7¾, net receipts 1,963 bales; Boston, dull at 7 15 16, net receipts 304 bales; Wilmington, steady at 7½, net receipts 2 286 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8 3-16c, net receipts 150 bales; Savannah, steady at 7½, net receipts 7,369 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7½, net receipts 18,636 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7½, net receipts 1,422 bales; Memphis, steady at 7⅜c, net receipts 5 121 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7 5-16, net receipts 2,564 bales; Charleston, easy at 7½, net receipts 6,608 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 9.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand fair and prices easier. American middling 4 9 16d. Sales 12,000 bales, of which 10,800 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 3,000 bales, of which 2,700 were American. Futures opened weak and demand moderate. October 4 19 64@4 20 64d; October and November 4 15-64d; November and December 4 13-44, 4 12 64@4 13-64d; December and January 4 10-64@4 11 64d; January and February 4 9 64, 4 10-64@4 11 64d; February and March 4 10-64@4 11 64d; March and April 4 10 64@4 11 64d; April and May 4 10 64d; May and June 4 10-64, 4 11-64@4 12 64d. June and July 4 11 64 4 12 64d. Futures steady at the decline. Tenders none.

12.45 P. M.—American spot grades 1-16d lower. American middling fair 4 27 32d; good middling 4 19-32d; middling 4½d; low middling 4 13 32d; good ordinary 4 9 32d; ordinary 4 8 32d.

4 P. M.—American middling (l m c) October 4 17-64d buyer; October and November 4 13 64d buyer; November and December 4 11-64d seller; December and January 4 9 64@4 10-64d buyer; January and February 4 9 64d buyer; February and March 4 9 66@4 10 64d seller; March and April 4 9-64@4 10-64d seller; April and May 4 10 64d seller; May and June 4 10-64@4 11-64d seller; June and July 4 11-64d seller; July and August 4 11-64@4 12 64d seller. Futures closed steady.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 9.—The following are the weekly cotton statistics: Total sales of the week 65,000 bales, American 57,000; trade takings, including forwarded from ships' side, 62,000; actual exports 3,000; total imports 35,000; American 29,000; total stocks 382 000; American 276,000; total afloat 240,000; American 235,000; speculators took 600; exporters took 4 000.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Schr Jennie F Willey, Anderson, Kingston, Jamaica, Geo Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by Edward Kidder's Son.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

KINGSTON—Schr J F Willey—756,775 feet lumber.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 10, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

Chas H Sprague, 260 tons, Harper ——.
H G Milliken, 171 tons, Kimball, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
W C Wickham, 313 tons, Ewan, Geo Harriss, Son & Co
B I Hazard, 372 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
John C Cottingham, 226 tons, Thomas, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Magdala (Br), 2,296 tons, Reed, J H Sloan.
Crathorne (Br), 1,695 tons, Lewis, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Dulwich, 2,111 tons, Cox, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Ormidale, 2,304 tons, Butler, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Kong Carl (Nor), 470 tons, Romeltevdt, Paterson, Downing & Co.
Victoria (Nor), 368 Arensen, ——.
Pandur (Dan), 562 tons, Schmidt, J T Riley & Co.

MAXTON BUILDING
—AND—
LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.
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That Desirable Store

18 Market St.,

THREE STORIES AND BASEMENT.

Elevator and all modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to

D. O'Connor,

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SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours. It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine. (MIDY)

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

FASHIONS CHANGE BUT POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

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SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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The Morning Star.

DOCKERY SPEAKS

AND CONFRONTS M'KINLEY, PRITCHARD, RUSSELL AND OTHERS WITH THEIR RECORDS.

Free Silver Our Only Salvation from the Rule of the Money Combines and the Crushing Despotism of Gold.

To the Voters of North Carolina:

MANGUM, N. C., September 30.—In view of the complicated political conditions by which we are surrounded, I deem it proper to state fully my position.

I believe the approaching election is the most important one that you have been called upon to participate in. Whatever may be the result, the strong common sense of the manhood of America will array itself on that side which believes in the arbitrament of the ballot, and while this election may not be accepted as final recourse will continue to be had to the ballot, until prejudice, ignorance and pernicious thought shall have been eliminated from the contest, and by a process of judicious reasoning, one side has gained a permanent victory. The silver forces will not disband. It is the battle of the great common people for the people's money, and their standard will not be furled until the victory is won and they are prosperous.

Financial reform overshadows all other issues in this campaign, and until that is settled, the people cannot be cajoled or driven into political byways. He that is not for the rehabilitation of silver, is against it, nor can a profession in favor of silver to-day and for gold after next March hoodwink even the most ignorant. The issue is squarely with us, and must be squarely met.

I am a silver Republican, and, as such, am constrained to cast my vote for Bryan for President as the only feasible way to secure the free coinage of silver, and with this declaration goes my support of every man down to constable who is favorable to that cause. I fail to see any honesty in a genuine silver man supporting a gold bug for President, or any other office whereby he may be enabled to further retard the course of silver money.

Unlike Mr. McKinley, I have not changed my views on this question. Only about four years ago, in Congress, he voted for silver—to-day he stands for the gold standard and for all the evil it carries along with it. I have never been for the gold standard, and while I regret the necessity which compels me to sever my connection temporarily with a party that has honored me, and one which I have gone out in all weather to serve, yet my conscience tells me it is right in order to secure the end in view—financial reform at the hands of the friends, not the enemies, of silver. Furthermore, in advocating this cause I do not feel lonesome in company with a Grant, a Blaine, a Matthews, a Teller, a Dubois, and even a McKinley, up to four years ago. Nor do I consider myself more of a traitor than the aforesaid illustrious Republican statesmen, and McKinley's body-servants and satellites, Pritchard, Pearson and Russell, who, within a twelve months were setting the woods afire for free silver, but having been Hannaized, are now goldbugs. Only last spring their cry was McKinley and silver, and it is well known that a goldbug had little chance to be elected as a delegate to the St. Louis convention—the aforesaid combination swept this State and went to St. Louis for free silver. Why this precipitous change of base? How much brazen effrontery does it require to denounce others who did not go to St. Louis to be hypnotized by Hanna in a short interview, and then flop over to the gold standard?

At our State convention, just one month before, the platform, a creation of Senator Pritchard, and supposed to be inspired from Ohio, said:

"We favor the use of gold and silver as standard money and the restoration of silver to its functions and dignity as a money metal."

Whereas the creation of Hanna at the behest of the gold syndicate, says:

"We are unalterably opposed to our currency or to impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved."

Mr. McKinley, in a speech by him in the Presidential campaign of 1892, before the Ohio Republican league, in speaking of Mr. Cleveland, said:

"During all his years at the head of the Government he was dishonoring one of our precious metals, one of our great products, discrediting silver and enhancing gold."

"He was determined to contract the circulating medium and demonetize one of the coins of commerce, limit the volume of money among the people, make money scarce and therefore dear."

"He would have increased the value of money and diminished the value of everything else, making money the master and everything else its servant. He was not thinking of the 'poor' then. He had left 'their side.' He was not standing forth in 'their defense.' Cheap coats, cheap labor and dear money. He the sponsor and promoter of these, professing to stand guard over the poor and lowly! Was there ever more glaring inconsistency or reckless assumption? He believes that poverty is a blessing to be promoted and encouraged, and that a shrinkage in value of everything but money is a National benefaction."

In his letter of acceptance Mr. McKinley says, near the beginning and under the subject "No benefit of labor," referring to silver as follows:

"It would not make labor easier, the hours of labor shorter, or the pay better. It would not make farming less laborious or more profitable. It would not start a factory nor make a demand for an additional day's labor. It would not add to the comfort of the masses, the capital of the people or the wealth of the nation."

If McKinley was right then he is wrong now, but the syndicate made him take his medicine and his henchmen here who went to St. Louis for silver gladly say "me too" and want what was left to this medicine.

How about Senator Pritchard's record? In a speech in Congress, he said: "I am a friend of silver and believe it should be restored to its dignity as a precious metal." And he signed a paper with Senators Teller, Mantle, Dubois and other Republican Senators declaring that, "The unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 by the independent action of the United States" is the only method possible of securing the people of the United States from the impending danger of the difference of exchange between gold standard countries."

Senator Pritchard further said: "I have proved my loyalty to the cause of silver by my vote in the Senate. My record will parallel Senator Butler's on that great and vital question. They reflect not only the sentiment of the people that I represent, but they express my honest convictions and my honest purpose to secure an American system of finance."

But the Senator also said October 17, 1895: "I consider that free trade and gold monometallism are twin brothers, and he who courts gold monometallism invites the disasters which must follow in the wake of free trade."

The Senator might now add that the McKinley plank now favoring a continuance of civil service is another free trade idea imported from England.

But when was the Senator conscientious on the money question—then, or now when he is trying to switch off the tariff, well knowing that no tariff brings employment in the protected cotton factories to a single one of the 100,000 North Carolina negroes. The Senator's views on the money question have likewise been shared by Pearson, Russell and others who are for McKinley, and also by Walser, who unfortunately occupies a straddling attitude on the co-operation ticket in the hope of fooling both Republicans and Populists out of an office.

I have shown you not only the inconsistencies of some of the so-called leaders, but also that they have been very favorable to the 53-cent dollar until recently. But as to the 53-cent dollar—was it not amenable to the same charge in 1888, when McKinley voted for free coinage, and was it not on the same grounds equally to be discredited in 1892 when McKinley so ably defended silver? What became of this charge only a few months ago when Pritchard, Pearson and Russell so gallantly espoused the cause of the white metal? They claim to be Republican leaders; now what sort of a devious lead is this?

The fact is demonetization alone has caused the decline in the value of silver bullion. When that infamous act was surreptitiously passed the silver dollar was worth more than the gold dollar, but since then it has been steadily declining, and now, when silver has been discredited by the Government, refused mintage and the law for its payment of Government obligations openly violated, the demand for it has decreased and the bullion has value only for its use in the arts—it is no longer a money metal.

Remonetize it, admit it to the mints, coin it into the standard dollars and then contrast the money value of each metal. If conditions were reversed and the seal of condemnation set on gold, and silver alone was honored, then, indeed, would like results follow. The people should see to it that the jugglers and their henchmen, the pie counter fellows, keep their hands off the money of the fathers.

Bismarck the wisest statesman in Europe, advises America to go it alone, take the lead and other nations will follow.

Shall we longer submit to the selfish greed of England whose statesmen declare that as she is the creditor nation of the world, debts must be paid in gold. Ours is a debtor nation and our people are alarmingly embarrassed by this monied strain upon their every interest—this destruction of the money in which they might pay their indebtedness. How need we fear results with our abundant resources, our unrivalled facilities and our unprecedented vim and push?

We want and must have good money—no sane man thinks or desires otherwise; and the term sound money is merely a catch phrase used by demagogues for purposes of deception.

If, then, the gold standard has prostrated your dear interests, of what remedial use will the election of McKinley be when he proposes to pursue the line of policy dictated by Wall streets Shylocks?

The effort to maintain the present gold standard under Cleveland has already cost the people two hundred and sixty-two million dollars in bonds, which will hang as a mortgage over your children for generations to come. Let us come back to genuine bimetallism—the mintage of both gold and silver—the metals of the constitution, the money of our fathers and the poor man's only acquaintance and friend. Dear money makes cheap labor, cheap products, cheap clothings, cheap food and a cheap people. Dear money makes it easier for the few to control the masses. Already our country is rapidly losing the prestige of an immensely prosperous people through the concentration of all money into the hands of a few men and the consequent destruction of the great middle class, the backbone of every country—and the making of millions of paupers.

The West and South must come together and redeem the fame of the nation by securing the enactment of wise, just and equal laws for all citizens alike.

When a Presidential nomination is put up for sale through a "fat frying" process it is time for the people to resent it. No more glaring instance of public degeneracy and debauchery ever characterized the later days of the Roman Empire than we have lately witnessed in the Hannaizing system adopted in our country.

When money is plentiful the people are prosperous, not otherwise. If you have plenty of money go ahead and help the Shylocks make that money harder for others to get and therefore delude and content yourself in the belief that everybody is happy, that everybody can get employment at big wages, and that nobody wants an office except for the honor of the thing. If you are a gold bug vote that ticket, if not, don't stultify your principles by helping to put a gold-bug in any sort of an office. I would remind Republicans that free silver is one of the most cherished principles of the Populist party, and also that but for this party some Republicans would not have made such an unseemly scramble for nominations. The sudden somersaults and flimsy reasons therefor can only be equalled by Russell's audacity in seeking the support of a race whom he denounced in 1888, in declining to run on the Republican ticket, as "largely savages and rogues." How can any self-respecting colored man endorse him—will not the brand of savage and thief be indefaceably stamped upon his brow? Won't he be a self-admitted outcast unworthy the high privileges of citizenship?

"Truth is irresistible in a time when public confidence is badly shaken; the people's measure of oppression, misery, misleadings and disappointments is full; as also in a time when the ball of fate has fallen into the easy reach of almost every honest and patriotic citizen, and when there is intelligence and wisdom enough to put it in motion."

The ballot is your power—start that ball in motion and secure your disenthrallment.

Respectfully,
O. H. DOCKERY.

Fads in Medicine.

There are fads in medicine as in everything else and a "new thing" frequently sells for a short time simply because it is new. But in medicines, as in nothing else, the people demand and will be satisfied only with positive, absolute merit. The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla has stood its ground against all competition, and its sales have never wavered but have remained steadily at the top, demonstrates, beyond any doubt, the intrinsic virtues of this medicine. The new things have come and gone but Hood's Sarsaparilla rests upon the solid foundation of absolute merit and its power to cure, and its sales continue to be the largest in the world.

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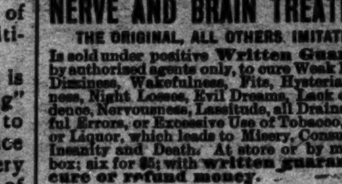

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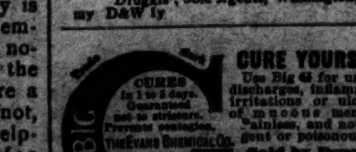

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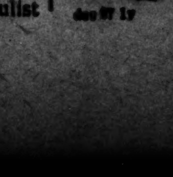

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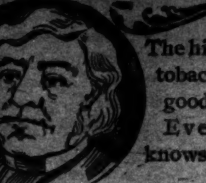

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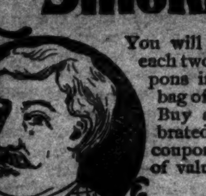

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DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *4	NORTH BOUND †6	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND *5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv... Surry street ...Ar	12 30	8 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville......Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 45	10 35
11 55	4 30	Lv....Maysville.........Lv	10 00	9 18
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 2	Ar...Newbern...........Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT Sept. 17, 1896.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.09 a m, Warsaw 11.14 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 3.40 p m, Weldon 3.33 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.15 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.30 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.15 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.51 a m, Magnolia 8.00 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.50 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7.50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.45 p m; returning leave Clinton at 3.00 p m, and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.05 a m, arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9.35 a m, Rowland 9.52 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6.06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.55 a m, 9.40 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, 10.20 a m and 8.15 p m, leave Darlington 9.31 a m and 10.40 a m, arrive Cheraw 10.40 a m and 12.30 p m, leave Cheraw 12.45 p m, arrive Wadesboro 2.25 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 3 p m, arrive Cheraw 4.50 p m, leave Cheraw 4.50 p m and 5.10 p m, arrive Darlington 7 p m and 6.27 p m. Leave Darlington 7.30 p m, 6.30 and 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.25 p m, 7 p m and 8.15 a m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyds 7.30 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9.30 a m, arrive Floyds 9.40 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m, Sumter 9.25 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6.30 p m, Darlington 8.15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9.09 p m, Gibson 9.35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7.12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.23 a m, Creston 5.21 a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.17 p m, Creston 5.16 p m, Sumter 6.05 p m. Daily.

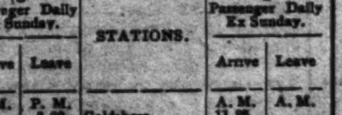
Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. sep 27 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston..........	10 33	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City...	8 0	8 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT AUGUST 23, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar.... Wilmington ...Lv	7 20 a.
4 45 "	Lv.... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 45 a. m
4 35 "	Ar.... Fayetteville ...Lv	11 05 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 15 "
3 19 "	Lv..... Sanford Lv	12 40 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv..... Climax.....Lv	2 40 "
1 03 "	Lv.... Greensboro... Ar	3 08 "
12 58 "	Ar.... Greensboro... Lv	3 15 "
12 12 a m	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Lv	4 03 "
11 45 "	Lv... Walnut Cove... Ar	4 32 "
11 37 "	Ar... Walnut Cove... Lv	4 36 "
11 09 "	Lv..... Rural Hall... Lv	5 12 "
9 45 "	Lv..... Mt Airy..... Ar	6 35 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 15 p m	Ar.... Bennettsville....Lv	8 45 a. m.
6 15 "	Lv..... Maxton.... Ar	9 45 "
5 49 "	Lv.... Red Springs....Lv	10 15 "
5 00 "	Lv..... Hope Mills....Lv	10 53 "
4 45 "	Lv..... Fayetteville... Ar	11 10 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
4 03 "	Lv..... Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ... Greensboro... Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 35 p. m
Leave Stokesdale	1 22 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
aug 23 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

WEST AND SOUTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No. 41	No. 403
		P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington,	S. A. L.	* 3 20	
Arrive Maxton	"	6 12	
Arrive Hamlet	"	6 55	
Leave Hamlet	"	7 15	* 9 10
Arrive Wadesboro	"	8 01	9 52
Arrive Monroe	"	8 55	10 40
Leave Monroe	"	9 10	10 45
Arrive Charlotte	"	10 20	11 35
			P. M.
Arrive Lincolnton	"		12 55
Arrive Shelby	"		1 50
Arrive Rutherfordton	"		3 00
		A. M.	
Leave Hamlet	S. A. L.	† 9 25	
Arrive Osborne	"	9 50	
" Kollock	"	10 25	
" Cheraw	"	10 45	
			P. M.
Leave Cheraw	S. A. L.		† 5 30
" Kollock	"		5 50
" Osborne	"		6 25
Arrive Hamlet	"		6 50
		P. M.	
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	* 3 20	
			A. M.
" Monroe	"	9 05	*10 45
Arrive Chester	"	10 32	12 03
			P. M.
" Clinton	"	11 58	1 20
		A. M.	
" Greenwood	"	1 00	2 33
" Abbeville	"	1 22	2 58
" Elberton	"	2 36	4 00
" Athens	"	3 38	5 10
" Atlanta	"	5 2	6 45
Leave Atlanta	A. & W. P.	5 35	
Ar Montgomery	West of Ala.	10 45	
		P. M.	
Arrive Mobile	L. & N.	4 10	
" New Orleans	"	* 8 30	
		A. M.	P. M.
Arrive Columbia	C. N. & L.	*10 00	* 4 30
		A. M.	P. M.
Arrive Augusta	P. R. & W. C.	† 9 35	* 5 05
			P. M.
Arrive Macon	M. & N.		* 6 40

EAST AND NORTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 38	No 402
			P. M.
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L		* 3 20
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	"		6 55
Leave Hamlet	"	* 8 15	10 35
Arrive Southern Pines	"	9 15	11 21
			A. M.
" Raleigh	"	11 26	1 21
		P. M	
" Henderson	"	1 0	2 33
" Weldon	"	* 3 00	* 4 05
		P. M	A. M.
Arrive Portsmouth	S. A. L	* 5 50	* 7 30
" Norfolk	"	6 00	7 50
		P. M	A. M.
Arrive Richmond	A. C. L	* 6 40	* 6 40
" Washington	P. R. R.	11 10	10 45
		A. M	P. M.
" Baltimore	"	12 43	12 05
" Philadelphia	"	3 45	2 20
" New York	"	* 6 53	* 4 53

Arrive in Wilmington from all points North, East, South and West, 12 50 noon Daily, and 8.50 a. m. daily except Monday.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Atlanta, Trains 403, 402, 41 and 38.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Portsmouth, Trains 402, 403, 38 and 41.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Washington, Trains 403 and 402. Trains 403 and 402 are "The Atlanta Special."

Pullman Sleepers between Charlotte and Richmond. Trains 402 and 403.

Close connections at Atlanta for New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and the West and Northwest.

Close connections at Portsmouth for Washington, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and the East.

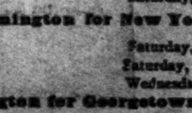
*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Monday.

For further information apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
ma 19 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Oct. 3
PAWNEE,	Wednesday,	Oct. 7
ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Oct. 10

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Saturday,	Oct. 3
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Oct. 10
PAWNEE,	Wednesday,	Oct. 13

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Oct. 6
PAWNEE,	Saturday,	Oct. 10
ONEIDA,	Tuesday,	Oct. 13

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D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 10, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Net Receipts at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The following are the total net receipt at the ports since September 1, 1896: Galveston, 859,494; New Orleans, 890,858; Mobile, 48 061; Savannah, 190,060; Charleston, 111,138; Wilmington, 69,516; Norfolk, 187,195; Baltimore, 4,805; New York, 13,991; Boston, 10,544; Newport News, 887; Philadelphia, 3,099; West Point, 50; Brunswick, 5 881; Port Royal, 5,904; Pensacola, 1,004; Texas City, 18,045. Total, 1,830,539.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The *Sun* says: Spot prices here were unchanged. Future prices here opened unchanged to 6 points higher, lost the improvement and declined 4 to 8 points, but later rallied and advanced, closing steady at a net change of 8 to 10 points, with sales of 830 100 bales. The speculation to-day was fairly active, and the fluctuations in prices very frequent and at times sharp. At the opening prices were somewhat firmer, but the decline in Liverpool, together with local and Liverpool selling, soon caused an easier tone, and prices weakened and declined. Stop orders were reported, accelerating the downward movement, and the report that Neill will issue a crop estimate of 8,500 000 to 9 000,000 bales contributed to depress prices. But at the decline shorts covered freely, and prices rallied and advanced. New Orleans bought, assisting the rise, and there was also good buying for Wall street account. The last prices were about the best of the day

GOLD IMPORTATIONS.

Large Receipts at New York and More on the Way Hither From Europe.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The steamer Feurst Bismarck, which arrived from Europe this morning, brought 25,400 pounds of gold consigned to Lazard & Freres.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. have engaged $750,000 gold in London for shipment to Boston.

The steamer Columbia due next week from Europe has a consignment of $500,000 gold for Heidelbach, Yekelheimer & Co.

Lazard & Freres have consigaments of $1,000,000 gold on the steamer Columbia and $500,000 on the La Gascogne now on the way hither.

The Bank of British North America has an additional consignment of $900,000 in gold on the steamship Lucania, which leaves Europe to-morrow.

W. H. Crossman & Bro. will have a consignment of $500,000 in gold on the steamship Lucania.

This makes the total amount arrived, en route or engaged since August 28th $51,550 629.

LONDON, October 9.—Gold to the amount of £356.000 was drawn from the Bank of England to-day for export to the United States.

GEORGIA ELECTION.

Official Returns Show That the Democratic Majority Will Be Over Fifty Thousand.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., October 9.—Official returns from a majority of the counties of the State show that the Democratic majority for the State ticket in Wednesday's election will run slightly over 50,000. Governor Atkinson's majority falls below this by several thousand, but this fact is due to a local fight on the head of the ticket. Later returns make practically no change in the complexion of the Legislature. One notable feature is the fact that the Democrats have carried the Tenth district, which is Watson's district, and is the closest through the State. The result in the October elections seem to insure the election of W. H. Fleming in this district, and that means a solid delegation in the lower House.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1896	1895
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	339,464	269,947
Total receipts to this date	1,820,539	708,969
Exports for the week	147,354	112,971
Total exports to this date	580,973	236,486
Stock in all United States ports.....	830,305	694 491
Stock at all interior towns.....	863,871	183 554
Stock in Liverpool...	889,000	938,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	285,000	87,000

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

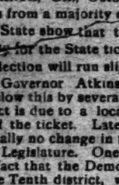
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 9.—Spirits turpentine firm, with moderate demand at 38@38½c. Rosin firm; strained common to good $1 75.

SAVANNAH, October 9.—Spirits turpentine closed firm at 26½c; sales of 57 casks at 25½c; 500 at 26c and 190 at 26½c; receipts 972 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3000 barrels; receipts 3,339 barrels. A, B, C D, E $1 50, F $1 52½, G, H, I $1 55, K $1 60, M $1 80, N $2 00, W G $2 15, W W $2 25.

CHARLESTON, October 9.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 24½c; sales — bales. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; prices: A, B $1 30@1 35, C, D $1 35, E, F $1 40@1 45, G $1 45@1 50, H $1 50@1 55, I $1 55@1 60, K $1 55@1 60, M $1 60@1 65, N $1 60@1 85, W G $1 95@2 00, W W $2 15@2 20.

ROYAL



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Absolutely Pure.

A Cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

BRYAN'S CAMPAIGN.

SPEECHES IN IOWA AND SOUTH DAKOTA.

Enthusiastic Gatherings of People at All Cities and Towns Along the Line Travelled to Greet the Democratic Candidate for the Presidency.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SIOUX CITY, Io., October 9.—It was raining hard, a chilly cold rain, when Wm. J. Bryan reached Sioux City, after a all night's run on the Northwestern road from Marshalltown, at 1.30 o'clock this morning. He was escorted to the train shed of the Union passenger station, and mounted on a truck, addressed an audience of several thousand huddled together there.

The people who got up early to see William J. Bryan would not let him sleep this morning. They banged on the windows of his private car at Marshalltown up to the time from which he left there at 1 48 a. m., and it was hardly daybreak when it was renewed at Little station, where the train halted on its way to this city. There were crowds at Wall, Lake Odelbolt, Arthur, Battle Creek, Danbury, Mapleton, Onawa and Whitin. Mr. Bryan was obliged to rise early in response to shouts at several stations of "Trot him out" and "Let's see him." He made a number of brief speeches. The bigest crowd that heard him was at Onawa, a Populist stronghold.

It was raining hard, a chill cold rain, when the candidate reached Sioux City at 10.20 this morning. He was escorted to the big train shed of the Union passenger station, and, mounted on a truck, he addressed an audience of several thousand persons huddled together there. After an introduction by Judge Van Wagenen, candidate for Congress in the Eleventh Iowa district, Mr. Bryan said:

"Fellow-citizens: If our opponents are right in the declaration that the gold standard ought to be maintained in this country until foreign nations consent to its abandonment, then, my friends, the election of an advocate of the free coinage of silver would be an injury to the country. If, on the other hand, we are right in our contention that there can be no permanent relief until we have restored silver to its ancient place and permitted it to enter the mints on equal terms with gold, I say if we are right, then the maintenance of the gold standard is a crime against the American people. (Cheers.) In the discussion of a great question like this there are several things which throw light upon the controversy. If you go into court and find a witness who is willing to clearly state what he knows, who gives his testimony without evasion, you believe that he is an honest witness. If, on the other hand, you find a witness who deals in ambiguous phrases, who attempts to evade questions and who attempts to cover up his ideas with words of a doubtful meaning, you doubt the honesty and sincerity of the witness. So, in a controversy like this, when our people who advocate free coinage openly declare what they want, why they want it and how they expect to get it, when they give you reasons for their faith, you have a right to have confidence in the honesty of their purpose.

But when our opponents try to secure a gold standard without daring to advocate it, when they talk about sound money when they mean gold, when they talk about an honest dollar when they mean the most dishonest dollar there is in the land to-day (cheers), you have a right to question their sincerity.

"My friends, men who have a cause in which they believe, are not ashamed to state their belief, and when you find written on Republican banners that deceptive phrase "sound money," you have a right to believe that the men who use the term use it because they are not willing to tell the American people what they mean by sound money. (Cheers.)

"We believe in sound money, and we believe that the free coinage of silver 16 to 1 gives us a sounder money than can be had by the gold standard. We believe in a safe financial system, but we believe that in order to be safe a financial system must have a foundation broad enough for that to rest upon. (Cheers.)

"Our opponents tell you that they want bimetallism whenever the foreign nations will consent to it, and yet they secretly use every effort to fasten the gold standard upon the American people. (Applause.) Let me ask you this question, and you can repeat it to the advocates of the Republican platform: 'Is the gold standard a good thing?' (Cries of 'No! No!' from the crowd and one cry of 'Yes!')

"My Republican friend says the gold standard is a good thing. I ask him why the Republican party promised to get rid of the gold standard as soon as they could? (Cheers.) Departing from their platform, the Republicans will tell you that gold is good money because it is good all over the world. My friends, no money is good which rises in value and robs the producers of this country to the benefit of the boadholders. (Cheers.)

They say the gold dollar is honest. No dollar is honest which rises in value and gives an unearned advantage to the man who loans money and imposes an unjust burden on the man who agrees to pay. (Cheers.)

"There is something necessary in money besides quality. There must be quantity as well as quality to money." (Cheers.)

On the conclusion of his speech Mr. Bryan returned to his train, which left at 11.15 over the Chicago & Northwestern for Sioux Falls, S. D.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., October 10.—Elk Point was the first place at which the Bryan special stopped after it crossed the Missouri from Iowa into South Dakota. And the crowd that had braved the rain to see the candidate heard him make a little speech.

"You will see men who handle money and own money and change money, who are anxious for money to rise in value," he said. "You see men who handle corn and raise corn, who are anxious to have corn rise in value. The people who raise corn have a right to protect themselves and to prevent an additional fall in the price of corn. The more nations there are which demand gold, the greater will be the difficulty to get it, and the more of our corn will it buy. If your taxes would fall, if your debts would fall as your corn fell, you might be able to get along easier. I believe the time has come when the farmer is called upon to defend himself and his family and his people around him by the use of the ballot."

Back in Iowa again and another speech was given the people at Hawarden, where great enthusiasm was shown. The suggestive name of Canton was that of the next stopping point. Canton is in South Dakota. Major McKinley had friends there, some of them wearing hats of golden hue, and a few shouted for the Republican candidate when Mr. Bryan concluded his brief remarks.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday by the Standard Sugar Refining Company at Camden, N. J. The capital of the company was given at $3,000,000, and the incorporators are Jos. A. and Charles Baker, of Philadelphia, and W. S. Williams and Herman Hoops.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK

NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN THE VOLUME OF TRADE.

But Heavy Receipts of Cotton and Wheat Have Stimulated Demand for Staple Goods and Railway Earnings Make a Better Showing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 9.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will says: Colder weather, continuing heavy receipts of cotton and wheat and other influences have stimulated demand for staple goods at various points, but the volume of trade remains moderate, without material change from a week ago. The tendency at some centres is to a smaller volume of trade, but the general outlook is for an improved demand after the election.

Except in the cotton and wheat regions, mercantile collections continue unsatisfactory. Trade improvement is reported from Atlanta, Augusta, Charleston, Birmingham, Alabama, New Orleans and Texas cities. Print cloths are lower, as are cotton, sugar and oats. The recent advance in wheat is firmly held is that in wool, iron and steel. Some varieties of pig iron have advanced 35c. per ton. Higher quotations have been made for wheat flour, Indian corn, pork, lard, coffee, petroleum and leather.

Bank clearings throughout the United States aggregate $1,059,000,000 this week, 16 per cent. more than last week, but 9 per cent. less than in the corresponding week one year ago. A further decline in exchange to the gold importation point has resulted in new engagements of gold in London, amounting to about $4,000,000. Silver has declined on decreased demand from India.

September gross railway earnings make a better showing than those for last August, although both grow smaller totals than in the corresponding periods a year ago. The best showings made are in the South and Southwest, the Coal roads, one Canadian line and the trunk lines. Decreases are found in returns from the Granger, Central Western and Pacific roads.

There were 293 business failures reported in the United States this week, a decline of thirty-four as compared with last week, but an increase of seventeen as compared with the first week in October, 1895.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Turkish Question Discussed by Lord Rosebery at a Meeting in Edinburgh.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

EDINBURGH, October 9.—Speaking in this city to-night, Lord Rosebery, the ex-Prime Minister, discussed the remedies that had been suggested for the settlement of the Turkish question. He adduced reasons against nearly every one of the remedies. Regarding the proposal that Russia should take possession of Constantinople, Lord Rosebery said that the late government (his own) had been extremely anxious to arrive at an *entente* with Russia and he was still in every way hopeful that a satisfactory understanding between Great Britain and Russia on the Turkish question would be reached. He urged the advocates of the proposal, however, to remember the treatment that had been accorded the Poles by the Russians. Moreover, he asked, how is Great Britain to give to Russia what is not hers?

Avowing veneration and unaltered friendship for Mr. Gladstone, Lord Rosebery said that he could not agree with the proposal made by the latter in his Liverpool speech to withdraw the British ambassador from Constantinople, or to threaten action which could not be effected if the Powers did not approve. Such a course would lead to humiliation. He differed with Mr. Gladstone in the opinion that Great Britain was bound by the Cyprus convention to intervene in Turkey. This convention had been a dead letter ever since it had been signed. He did not desire especially the retention of Cyprus, and would willingly give it to another Power, except Turkey, as the price of a European concert.

Lord Rosebery further declared that he was emphatically opposed to isolated action by Great Britain on the Turkish question and would fight the proposal that she act alone. This action would mean a European war, with the slaughter of hundreds of thousands, threaten the existence of Great Britain, and perhaps precede the extermination of the Armenians. He could conceive of nothing more futile, dangerous and disastrous than such a policy. Any British Minister incurring a European war, except through the necessity of interests distinctly British, would be a criminal to his country and to his position. He believed that any just war would have the assistance of the British colonies. He doubted that a war in behalf of the Armenians would elicit such assistance. The panacea was concerted action by the Powers nearest interested. This could not be long postponed.

Lord Rosebery then referred to his retirement from the leadership of the Liberal party, saying that the difference of opinion on the Eastern question was only one of a series of incidents that had induced him to resign the leadership.

He added that he had not received the loyal support that a people needed, if he was to lead his party successfully. His Government in its early days had been defeated by its own followers. The policy he had suggested for the election had not been adopted. Finally, Mr. Gladstone had innocently administered the *coup de grace*. The internal differences in the party had been equal to the external differences. His action had been so hampered as to render his position untenable. He had tendered his resignation to his colleagues after the election.

The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution expressing gratitude for the manner in which Lord Rosebery had the Liberal party, deeply regretting his retirement and earnestly hoping that he would reconsider his action and resume the leadership.

Lord Rosebery replied that his was the result of mature reflection and had been taken with the conviction of its absolute necessity.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

The Town of Corsing, Iowa, Almost Totally Destroyed—Loss $300,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CRESTON, October 9.—Corning, Iowa, has been almost totally destroyed by fire. An unknown man was burned to death. The loss is $300,000.

The blaze broke out in the Reynolds grain elevator, which, with its cotents, was destroyed. The fire soon spread, burning two entire blocks just north of the elevator. The insurance is not known, but most of the property is partially covered. Inadequate fire protection is responsible for a great part of the loss. The fire was not got under control until 10 o'clock this morning. The origin is not definitely, but is supposed to have been caused by a defective flue in boiler room.

B. H. Orsborne, a lunatic, escaped from his home at Atlanta yesterday and shot and killed Theodore Shrader, on the corner of Lloyd and Alabama streets, in that city.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher in use over thirty years.

OHIO FOR BRYAN.

Republicans Concede the State by 25,000 Majority—In Indiana and Michigan Bryan Has the Best Chance—Hanna's Boodle Scheme.

A special to the Atlanta *Constitution* from Chicago says:

The word has been flashed from Republican headquarters in New York to Republican headquarters here that there is "trouble in Ohio."

This statement is accompanied by information from Indiana and Michigan which shows beyond a doubt that Bryan's chances are best in those two States.

Very unfavorable reports have been received by the Republican managers from the lower part of this State, and they concede that the great labor vote of Chicago is against them.

The result is consternation. The Republican bosses here have had the blind staggers for two days, and the evidence of this is to be seen on all sides.

It begins to look as if the Republicans are at last realizing what the Democratic managers have always said; and that is, that Illinois Indiana, Michigan and Minnesota, and even Ohio, are strictly debatable ground, with the chances in most of these States slightly in favor of Democracy.

A special correspondent to the St Louis *Republic* wrote from Washington a few days ago declaring that "Beria" Wilkins, proprietor of the Washington *Post*, says: "A careful poll of Ohio, made to ascertain the true situation, gives the State to Bryan by 35,000 majority. If the Republicans can take any comfort from the situation in the State of their nominees, they are welcome to it."

This was surprising news and was not given very much credence, though Mr. Wilkins is himself an Ohio man. It has since developed, however, that he obtained his information from high Republican sources in Ohio.

Mark Hanna is beginning to realize the troubles of a boodle campaign. He finds that his agents are not to be trusted. For instance, until a month ago he firmly believed that the railroad employes had been thoroughly converted. Suddenly he saw a few straws which set him to studying the wind. Then he took a half dozen of his shrewdest and most trusted agents and set them moving through Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, without knowledge of each other's movements. Their reports, separately and from the same districts, showed that the railway employes, outside of the passenger train conductors, were practically solid for Bryan, and that the conductors had a majority the same way. Similar reports showed that the farmers were almost on the verge of a mass movement in the same direction, and that the break had already come in formidable proportions.

Then, it is said, Mr. Hanna adopted the shrewd plan of telling the railroad bosses to become conciliatory, and next he set the factors to work to ease the agricultural situation. He knew that the low prices were a great moving factor with the farmers. Wheat must be started up, and wheat was started up. It will be kept advancing until the election is over. Corn, it is believed, is to be taken next, and by October 15th there will be a spurt in that grain. Five million dollars spent in booming wheat and corn would be a cheap investment, if it only resulted in carrying the grain belt for McKinley.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

President Cleveland Returns to the White House—A Cabinet Meeting.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 9.—The big flag floated over the White House this morning for the first time since June 30, and announced that the Chief Executive had returned from his 101 days' vacation. The President and his private secretary, Mr. Thurber, reached Washington at 7.40 a. m., after a good night's rest in a private car which had been attached to the midnight train for New York. No one accompanied them and immediately after their breakfast on arrival at the White House they entered their adjoining offices and began the routine of public business. The President never looked better than to-day. Mrs. Cleveland and the children are expected home on Saturday. There is no accumulation of business awaiting the President's attention, the routine having been carried on at Gray Gables as usual.

The President's return was so timed as to resume the regular Friday cabinet meeting at 11 o'clock to-day. There were three absentees from the meeting, Secretaries Francis, Morton and Lamont. The meeting to-day was said to be of an informal character. Most of the unfinished business in all the departments represented was canvassed with a view to leaving as few unsettled questions as possible upon the reassembling of Congress.

BANK PRESIDENT ARRESTED

Charged with Embezzling Twenty-Two Thousand Dollars of the Bank Funds.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., October 9.—Jack King, president of the Merchants' National Bank, of Rome, Ga., was brought here to-night under arrest. King is charged with embezzling $33,000 from his bank. King is charged with drawing the money from the bank's deposits and appropriating it to his own use. He had been indicted by the Federal Court grand jury here. His brother, the Mayor of Rome, and Alderman Dimmock, of Atlanta, Ga., gave $10,000 bonds and he was released.

Treasury balances: Coin. $127,898,484, currency, $60,138,896.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skilful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

SENATOR BEN TILLMAN

As a Solution of the Watson-Sewall Question Suggests That Watson Should Retire.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, October 9.—Senator Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, was here to-day on his way to Chicago to confer with Senator Jones. When asked to suggest a solution of the Watson-Sewall problem, he said: "I believe the problem has been already solved. In those States where the question was the most troublesome the problem was settled by fusion. In the other States I anticipate no trouble. It would be a happy ending of the whole matter, however, if Mr. Watson would retire." Senator Tillman expressed confidence in Mr. Bryan's election.

BANK ROBBER KILLED.

He First Shot and Killed One of the Officers Who Attempted to Capture Him.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FAIRMOUTH, MINN., October 9.—One of the Sherburn bank robbers was killed this morning by Deputy Sheriff Ward, of this county, at Bancroft, Iowa. The other desperado is surrounded and will be killed or captured. The robber was found in a farmhouse eating breakfast. He attempted to escape on his wheel, when he was shot and killed. He first shot and killed City Marshal William Gallion, of Bancroft. The dead bandit has not yet been identified.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at $124,898,109. The day's withdrawals at New York were $94,400.

The Turkish Porte has issued an irade declaring that all Armenians who shall hereafter flee from Turkey shall lose their citizenship and will not be permitted to return.

The grand review of the troops at Chaelons, in honor of the Czar of Russia, began at noon yesterday. His majesty appeared on horseback fronting the troops. President Faure and the Czarina sat together in a landau.

CONNECTS THE BRAIN.

The Little Organ That Enables the Hemispheres to Act In Harmony.

Near the base of every well organized human brain there is situated a curious little spongy body called the corpus callosum. The existence of this peculiar organ, if organ it may properly be called, at the base of the thought laboratory has been known to the physiologists, anatomists and neurologists for several centuries, but up to a period comparatively recent it has defied the efforts of the scientists in their endeavors to ascertain its uses in the human anatomy. Like the vermiform appendix, the thyroid gland, the tonsils and the spleen, this corpus callosum was long believed to be an organ absolutely useless. But nineteenth century study and investigation have let in a flood of light on many subjects heretofore considered "dark, deep and unfathomable," and the mystery of this little body in the brain is only one of the many that have been cleared up. It is now known that the two so called "hemispheres" of the brain, had they no means of intercommunication, would each be perfect and separate brains, the one absolutely independent of the other. But they have a mode of intercommunication, and that means is furnished by the once supposed to be useless corpus callosum.

This all important little organ consists of a double chain of white nerve fibers and it is through these that the two portions (hemispheres) of the brain are enabled to act in harmony by being continually brought into anatomical and physiological relations with each other. Several years ago a well known Philadelphia physician and surgeon, Dr. A. H. Stevens, made the announcement that in his belief the corpus callosum was the seat of the soul. His peculiar ideas were given quite an airing through the press at that time, but the whole theory fell pretty flat when Dr. A. F. Sawyer of San Francisco proved that a certain west coast worthy had survived 30 years after having the entire corpus callosum shot out of his thought tank and that another had lived 11 years after sustaining a similar injury. The psychologists were pretty well agreed that a man's life would terminate the moment his soul made its exit on the lead of a pistol cartridge. It was these well attested cases of men living after losing the corpus callosum that caused Dr. Stevens' "soul theory" to relapse into obscurity.—St. Louis Republic.

SMUGGLING BY RAILWAY.

Engineering Appliances as Carriers of Contraband Goods.

There is a story of several years' standing to the effect that at one time a locomotive on one of the lines running across the German-Russian frontier was used most successfully as a carrier of contraband goods, and that the fraud so long practiced was discovered only while overhauling the engine in the repair shops. The exact circumstances cannot now be called to mind, though the essential fact of such illegal use having been made of a legitimate piece of engineering work is brought back to memory by a recently published item which chronicles a somewhat similar bit of deception.

The Belgian customs authorities, it appears, knew for a long time that large quantities of jewelry were smuggled over the French border, but how it was done puzzled them. In the luggage van of the express which runs between Paris and Brussels is a case which holds the accumulators when the train is electrically lighted. A key of the case is held by the conductor of the express, a foreman porter and an excise official of the border station, but none of these ever appear to use it. The other day, as the train ran into Quevy, the border town, a customs inspector took it into his head, more through officiousness than suspicion, to open the chest. To his amazement it was filled to the lid with watches, chains, rings, bracelets and all kinds of dutiable jewelry. It was found that the foreman porter at Quevy had for a long period been carrying on a contraband traffic for a well known Paris jeweler, who, it is said, has had to disgorge heavily, both in jewelry and hard cash, in consequence of the disclosure of his frauds. —Cassier's Magazine.

Arkansas has decided that married women are personally responsible for loans negotiated by themselves. With the acquisition of other rights comes this one also. Contracts signed by themselves are binding upon themselves.

The North India M. E. conference has followed the lead of the Ohio and Fuchau, China, conferences, and has elected two women—Mrs. E. W. Parker and Mrs. J. C. Butcher—as lay delegates to the general conference.

The Woman's club and Sorosis of Skowhegan, Me., are agitating the election of a woman to serve on the school committee. Several years ago a woman served there with acceptance.

YOU CAN BE WELL when your blood is rich, pure and nourishing. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure and cures all blood diseases, restoring health and vigor.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, headache, 25c.

Combination Bicycle FOR SALE.

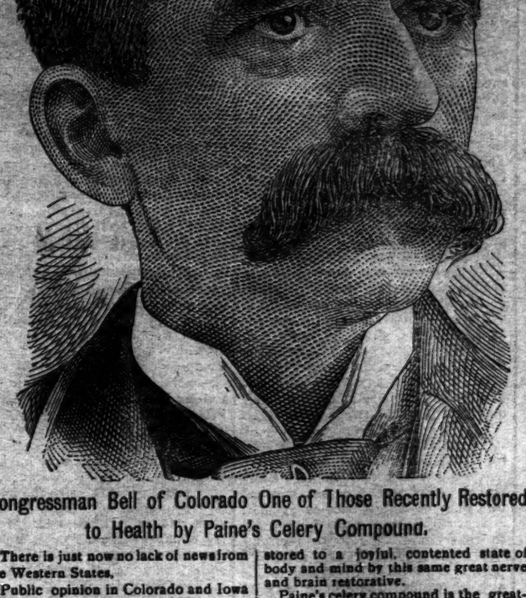
A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address

M., at
STAR OFFICE.

sp 7 tf

From Maine to Texas

The Tide of Public Opinion Is All Favorable to Paine's Celery Compound



Congressman Bell of Colorado One of Those Recently Restored to Health by Paine's Celery Compound.

There is just now no lack of news from the Western States.

Public opinion in Colorado and Iowa is as promptly and accurately heard of as from any New England State.

From all over the West come reports that Paine's celery compound occupies practically a clear field in the cure of diseases arising from a tired or otherwise impaired nervous system.

No other remedy was ever used by so many men of sound and reliable judgment. No remedy but Paine's celery compound has ever been recommended by so conspicuously fair-minded a body of men and women. The half-hearted experimental efforts of scores and scores of sarsaparillas, tonics and so-called nervines, with which the market is constantly recruited, are in startling contrast with the confident—because thoroughly scientific—way in which Paine's celery compound sets about restoring health and vigor to the worn out body.

Why will people be silly enough to jeopardize their lives and lessen their chances of getting well by taking anything else?

There is no help so sure and so immediate as one gets from the use of Paine's celery compound. Detailed information of innumerable cases of rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia, completely cured, has established this great invigorator as the most valuable remedy those run down in health can make use of.

Women whose stock of nervous energy was well nigh exhausted have been restored to a joyful, contented state of body and mind by this same great nerve and brain restorative.

Paine's celery compound is the greatest achievement in modern medicine. It banishes weakness and pain as surely as its famous contemporary, the electric light, dispels darkness.

Paine's celery compound frees the body of vicious humors that cause kidney and liver complaints. Only a great remedy based on a deep knowledge of these diseases could do the work that Paine's celery compound is now doing. Better nutrition for the nerves, an awakened appetite, purified blood and complete assimilation—these follow the conscientious use of Paine's celery compound as surely as day follows night.

If you are alarmed by a throbbing of the heart, an irritable stomach, or general debility, be fair with yourself, use the best means there is, examine what Paine's celery compound is doing. It has cured an astonishing number of men and women of Bright's disease, rheumatism, neuralgia, heart and liver trouble. No sufferer can pass lightly over the remarkable record that Paine's celery compound has to show to every sick and ailing person.

Among the thousands of testimonials received this year is one recently sent by Congressman John C. Bell, of Colorado, who says he has used three bottles of this best of all remedies for dyspepsia and rheumatism, with the most satisfactory results. Among the testimonials received since January there have been no less than 16 from Congressmen from different States.

Magnificent Street Parade. Big Show. Fine Horses

Coming to Wilmington, Monday, Oct. 12th,

On its Own Great Trains, Drawn by its Own Powerful Locomotives. The Biggest, Greatest, Grandest, Mightiest Circus of them all.

Walter L. Main's

3 Ring Circus, 5 Continent Menageries, Real Roman Hippodrome and Original European Trained Wild Beast Show in the Circular Steel-Barred Ponderous Cage.

THE MIGHTY BOVALAPUS!

The Ocean's Awful Treasures. The most frightful, uncouth, horrible, horn-bearing, cloven-hoofed denizen of the trackless and treacherous deep.

100 Rightly Renowned, Astounding Circus Artists in a hundred and a Half Astounding Acts.

John Lowlow,

America's oldest and best known Singer and Talking CLOWN, appears at each performance.

CANANDAIGUA, the Smallest Pony Colt in the World, born August 5th, 1896, weighed 8¼ pounds, 11 inches high, 18 inches from tip to nose to end of tail.

WALLACE THE WONDER, the only horse riding LION. A Circus Champion. Surely the only one of its kind. A beautiful, intelligent artistic animal.

The highest and longest dive in the world will take place at the Circus Grounds free at 11½ and 5½ o'clock.

20 Open Dens of Wild Beasts! 5 Bands of Music!

Silver Cathedral Chimes, Steam Calliope, Gold and Silver Chariots and Band Wagons, Miles of Splendor and Wonder, every entry morning at 10 o'clock sharp, TWICE DAILY, free to all! High dive 10.30 a. m. and 6.30 p. m

CHEAP EXCURSIONS on all lines of travel. ONE TICKET ADMITS TO ALL. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Performance at 2 and 8 p. m, rain or shine. Bicycles checked free.

Tickets on sale at H. J. Gerken's Cigar Store day of performance.

sep 27 4t 27.29 oct 2 10 W1t oct 2

NOW ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLES.

FOR SALL BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

PURE HOPS AND MALT

LAGER BEER,

Brewed by our new Master Brewer, Mr. P. V. D. Westelaken, a graduate of the U. S. Brewers' Academy, N. Y., and Lehmann's Brewing Academy in Worms, Germany, and of ten years' practical experience in the leading Breweries of the United States and Germany.

Mr. Westelaken was instructed to make a

Fine Beer

regardless of expense in material and production. We now ask the public to judge of the result.

ROBERT PORTNER BREWING CO., WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 7 1w

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING FORMED a co-partnership under the style firm of Mills & Montgomery, for the purpose of conducting a Horse Exchange and Sale Stable, also a general business in Buggies, Wagons, Harness, &c., respectfully invite an inspection of their stock and solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally. Business will be open by Oct 15th, 1896.

Respectfully,
FRANK T. MILLS,
JAS. A. MONTGOMERY.

Nos. 110, 112 and 114 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. sep 26 6w

Still in the Ring.

I WISH TO INFORM YOU ALL THAT I have reduced my price for Shaving to 10 cents, and that you will get just as good work and as much attention as you did when the price was higher. You can also get a good Hair Cut, or anything else in the barber line. Give me a call and see for yourself.

Respectfully,
A. PEMBERT,
No. 11 South Front street.

oct 4 tf

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR.

OUR FALL OPENING IN

Millinery

—AND—

Fancy Goods,

Dry Goods,

Novelties and Notions

will take place

Wednesday, October 7th, and

Thursday, October 8th.

All are cordially invited.

Just to keep things moving—During this week we will display the finest assortment of goods in our line ever shown in this city, and will make every effort to catch your trade and have the prices to suit the times. No excuse for you to put off buying as we have a full stock to select from and able to suit all tastes.

A short time spent looking over our line will convince you that we have the goods and sell at prices that catch the trade.

Come and see for yourself.

Taylor's Bazaar,

No. 118 Market St.

oct 4 tf

For School Books

—AND—

SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS TO

C. W. Yates & Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.,

THE LARGEST

School Furnishing House

in North Carolina.

Liberal discounts to Merchants.

sep 20 tf

School Shoes.

We have been thinking about your Children's SHOES, School Shoes particularly. If you want a good serviceable Shoe for your son, one that will out-wear any Shoe you can get, try a pair of our Boys' Kangaroo Calf Lace Shoes with sole leather tips at $1.35 and $1.50. Try one pair and you'll buy no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

sep 9 tf

SUMMER RESORTS

SPARKLING

CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

je 11 tf

Special Notice.

JUST THINK—QUAIL ON TOAST, COOTS, New York Steaks and Chops. New River Oysters a specialty. Fine ice received and will be served to day at No. 9 Market street. Give me a call.

WILL WEST, Manager.

oct 4 tf